Five cents a copy.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, AUGUST 7, 1913

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

One Dollar a year.

What President Frost Prays For

Last year sixty students came to wealthiest homes in the mountains. Berea from Ohio, and as many more from other northern and eastern

Last year a hundred students came to Berea from the "Blue Grass Region," and as many more from the



President Frost

editions we are obliged to use our best

news columns and 'the result is that

our regular readers who depend upon

The Citizen for the most important

news of the week are disappointed.

SPECIAL MENTION

Dr. Herbert M. Williams' of Mich-

gan, a man who is especially interest-

thusiasm" which begins on this page.

"The Beginning of Berea" by Can-

dee appears this week. Read how

he overcame, and how he triumphed

teresting and several more are com-

ing, "In the Regions Beyond" deals

More and more people are enjoying

Cavanaugh, The Forest Ranger.

appreciate the many good letters that

come commending The Citizen for its

excellent standard and high class ser-

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Beginning of Berea.

it is managed.

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School Enthusiasm. (Con.)

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pages two and three.

I am glad and proud that this is so, and I expect great things in the future from the work of these young people in the world.

MUDEL CUTTAGE

JUL XX

But my prayer is that we may have more students from the mountains.

And my prayer is that we may have more students from the poorest homes in the mountains.

Somehow I cannot make the common people of the mountains realize that their children can get to Berea, and that their coming will mean prosperity and blessing to the whole fami-

These young people from the far off northern States do believe in education. And they know what is good and inferior in schools, and appreciate the wonderful chance that Berea offers. So they come at great expense two hundred, four hundred, some of them a thousand miles.

But there are bright boys and girls close by, within less than two hundred miles of Berea, who do not come.

Some do not know they can come. Some do not know how good it would be to come.

We have not room enough for all in the winter, but we have room in

My prayer is that a great many families that never sent a son or daughter away from home before may send one to Berea this fall.

SPECIAL EDITION It is often the case that in special

ENGLISH STATION IN BER-MUDA

Great Britain abandoned the naval On account of this we have decided station in North America about ten to run the special edition matter in years ago. This policy is now retwo issues instead of one. In this way versed. A report reaches the State our regular news columns will not be Department that a great Naval Base disturbed and we are able to make is contemplated in the near future The Citizen better and more interest- in the Bermuda islands for the proing than ever. See what wonderful tection of British shipping on the advantages Berea College offers on Panama Canal route. This act may mean a complete revolution of foreign naval policy in this hemisphere.

HUERTA DOES NOT RESIGN

Mexican affairs are still uncertain. ed in Berea and its work contributes The hint of resignation awakens a positive statement that President an article this week on "School En-Huerta would not resign and more-It is written for the special benefit over will tolerate no foreign interof public school teachers and should ference in his administration. The not only be read but used as a step- constitutionalists are working to obping stone toward a splendid success, tain a ... al of the Embargo on arms. Let every teacher who receives a With proper munitions of war they special copy of this paper clip this claim that they can quickly end the article and preach it wherever he strife.

NO PROTECTORATE

The rumor prevails that Argentine, Fee was called to Berea, the obstacles against the proposed treaty whereby is his ability to arouse enthusiasm Clay the son of a rich land and slave a leave of absence. even the he was disappointed on every protectorate over the affairs of Nica- not only study cheerfully, but talk Henry Clay graduated. At Yale President Taft. He calls attention to hand by bitter disappointments. Each ragua. Such opposition was to be at home of what he does and says young Clay became thoroughly satur- the fact that he tendered his resignaarticle by Candee grows more inwith the history of people in borderopen hostility.

CASTRO IN VENEZUELA

Notes and letters are dropping in every week saying it is the best heading a revolt and it is reported work and better equipment. story The Citizen has ever published, has captured the officers of the etc. We are not only glad to hear Government. that our readers like the story but

NOAH'S STORY RIGHT

is confirmed by a newly translated picture on the wall, and not a musi-slavery cause many thousands of per cent in the value of exports for LAUREL COUNTY MAN PARDONvice as a newspaper for the mountain This tablet is a part of war poem dug rooms. up at Nippur a few years ago and recently translated by Dr. Arno Poe- feet of eight inch pine board, the use gathered at Berea. be of the University of Pennsylvania of tools in the shop of a friendly tory of antiquity.

CHINESE SITUATION CRITICAL

lars of valuables are stored.

MUTINY FEARED IN CANTON.

remains serious. The electric lights were cut off and the people are fearful red to these different books to help Berea can read them. of a mutiny. Trains, junks and other them in their studies and, when the vessels leaving the city are packed with refugees. A siege of Canton is expected with the arrival of Gen. Lung were allowed to read. This soon famous sporting and political gather-Chi-Kuang, commander of the government forces in the province of Kwang-Si, who is moving southward on the police there are unreliable.

What Will Become of Our Mountains? UNITED STATES NEWS

We love the mountains.

Here our fathers settled, here we have lived, here we hope our children will live after us.

The mountains are full of beauty and riches. The coal is heat and power and money. The lumber can be made a perpetual crop. And the land itself can give three times the present yield of corn and fruit.

There are changes coming in the mountains. Rich men intend to harvest coal and lumber. That we know. Do you know that dilligent and skillful men intend to cultivate the mountain lands unless we do it better than in the past.

The mountains are going to belong to the people who will make the best use of them.

The Citizen is here to tell you that your children ought to possess these mountains; and to find in them far more wealth and beauty than has ever been found thus

But to do this they must have education. And education is here for them. Under God's providence Berea College has been placed right at our doors. And its managers have fitted it to meet the needs of the mountain boy and girl.

Berea's motto is: The mountains for the mountain people.

Reducing the Cost of Living

One way to reduce the cost of living is to go without things; another way is to get them more cheaply.

In the Northwest, farmers are getting in the habit of grouping together to buy a bull, or boar, or a quantity of seed or fertilizer, thus doing better than any one of them could do acting alone. This kind of co-operation requires confidence and some good leaders.

In other parts of the country, especially in New England, the people are starting what is called a co-operative store. It is claimed that twenty-seven such stores have reduced the cost of things they sell to their customers by \$150,000 a year. There can be no doubt that there are too many stores in the country. If there were fewer stores and each had a bigger trade, they could afford to sell things more cheaply and the customers would be the gainers. The Co-operative Store hires a good manager, sells at a closer margin, and at the end of the year divides the profits among the customers, every one getting a larger or smaller share according to the amount he has purchased.

Berea College has a Co-operative Store conducted in this way for the benefit of its students. Its profits, if any, are not divided among the students but turned into the Student Aid Fund.

SCHOOL ENTHUSIASM

How an Energetic Young Teacher Clay Calls Fee - Fee Responds - His with Tools, Books, and Music Made a Record that Will Never be For-

By Dr. Herbert M. Williams

the United States assumes a virtual in the school so that the pupils will expected. The United States has too so that his work will share in the ated with anti-slavery democracy. So tion three times before this. many active trade rivals in South home thought and interest. To do much so that when he inherited his America to permit the thought that so the children must be made to feel father's great property he freed all requires more machinery and build- it such. Again Castro the ex-exile is a fac- ings, so the children in a school catch

there was a good building with good

Hongkong.-The situation in Canton gling in the very best society. The pupils were continually referlessons had been prepared, they

They also gave a knowledge of peo-

ple, customs and manners that could

showed its effect. The older girls, who belonged to track there)—as a sort of bishop in Continued on Page Five

BEGINNING OF BEREA

Perilous Mission - His Sorrow and Misfortune.

By George Candee

holder, Green Clay, cousin of Hon.

teacher who took a school where party of his state. Whether this was more. a mistake or not his campaign in BUSINESS INCREASES IN 1912 desks and some maps and charts but that race in which he killed two men

but pretty curtain material made a ing heard of John G. Fee and his totaled \$1,187,000,000. very good book case to stand in the anti-slavery churches in Bracken and corner of the room with a little desk Lewis counties, sent for him to come membered than direct instruction. holders into its membership.

These courageous souls should never be forgotten by later comers. be gathered otherwise only by min- Their names should be engraven up-

(Continued on Page Eight

MARRIAGE LAW IN PENNSYL-VANIA

has signed a bill prohibiting the issu- two women were killed at the Lagoon ance of marriage license to any per- Motordrome at Ludlow, Ky., July 30. son with a transmissable disease, to Besides the eight dead over 20 others any imebecile, epileptic or insane per- sustained serious injuries.. Warrants son or to any one who has been in any were issued by the Coroner for volunasylum for the indigent, unless proof tary man slaughter against the direccan be shown that the applicant has tors of the amusement park. The men

LOBBY INVESTIGATION Both Houses of Congress are act- ties. ively investigating the charges of corruption made by Mulhall the lobbyist a month ago. Mulhall states that as agent for the Manufacturers Association he influenced legislation on the tariff for several years.

LIND AGENT TO MEXICO course of diplomacy in Mexico.

GOVERNOR SULZER



William Sulzer, governor of New promise by Miss Mignon Hopkins, a to have a better daily train service cloak medel of Philadelphia.

AMBASSADOR RESIGNS

harmony with the policy of the pres-These beginnings go back as far as ent Administration. This act takes Lexington daily. Brazil and Chile each have protested One sign of a successful teache to Yale College where Cassius M. effect Oct. 15, until which time he has

Henry L. Wilson was appointed by

EXPRESS RATES CUT By order of the Interstate Com-

ing counties about whom many of us any increase of power on her part that the school is a live, growing en- his slaves who still loved and served, merce Commission the rates of the Exhave never heard. It will appear would not awaken keen criticism and terprise. Just as the men in a factory take more interest in their work lieved that Kentucky would become a ly. The new rates which go into efwhere the business is expanding and free state and honestly tried to make fect Oct. 12 will reduce the income of the Express Cos. \$26,000,000 a year, He made mistakes as all do. One 10 per cent. of the gross receipts it tor in Venezuelan affairs. He is the enthusiasm of better plans for might have been when he ran for is estimated. The largest cut is on Governor, on an independent ticket, the small parcels, and on long distance Johnson, and D. F. Deaton in previous The writer used to know a young to break up the old dominant Whig rates on packages of 100 pounds or trials, Attorneys for the defense in

> The Bureau of Commerce shows The Bible account of Noah's flood not a book toward a library, not a in self defence, won him and his anti- by official reports an increase of 12 of James Deaton is in progress. tablet which dates from 2100 B. C. cal instrument in any of the twelve friends, especially among the non- 1912 amounting to \$262,000,000, the slave-holding mountaineers, the fruit total exports of manufactures, ma-He saw an opportunity. Thirty of which are just beginning to be terials and agricultural products. Ex- of Laurel County, had been watering Probably without any thought of \$305,000,000. Other manufactures H. D. Jordi was conveted of the murwhich has this fruit of the liberal ex- carpenter, a small can of oak varn- a school or any such fruits, Mr. Clay, apart from food stuff were valued at der of the man found in the well and penditures in researches into the his- ish stain and four yards of cheap though not a churchman himself, hav- \$1,187,000,000. Exports and imports sentenced to the penitentiary from

NO INTERVENTION

The situation in Canton, China is shelf in front to hold an inexpensive down and preach to his anti-slavery there is no prospect of armed inter- rel County, pardoned Jordi, who had serious. A siege is expected of Can- reprint of Webster's Dictionary. friends and organize a free church at vention in Mexico, also that he would served but a little, more than one ton with the arrival of the Govern- Gradually more good but cheap books the Glade. Mr. Fee responded to his speedily announce the first step of the year of the sentence. Among the ment forces now moving in that direc- were gathered, histories, biographies, invitation and went there and preach- policy of the United States towards tion. Seventy soldiers were shot in sketches of travel and some standard ed and organized a few courageous Mexico, which appears to be of media- sister of the dead man, who now that city, Friday. French and novels, the latter to give side lights, men and women into a non-sectarian, tion. Endeavors are made to bring thinks her brother's death was acci-British naval troops guard the for- in an attractive form, on geography anti-cast Union (Congregational) the hostile parties together and secure dental. eign quarters where millions of dol- and history that would be longer re- church which refused to receive slave- such compromises as shall end the strife.

SCORE INJURED AT CLEVELAND.

on a marble tablet and placed where and a score of persons injured by ed a fund for the erection of a hospievery student and other comers to jumping from windows when fire was tal at Hindman, Ky., in Knott Coundiscovered in the Granger apartment ty. Dr. J. McMullen and Dr. J. Mc-Mr. Clay's object, evidently, was to house, at 2005 Prospect avenue. The Cormick, secretary of State Board of establish Mr. Fee at the Glade, a man killed was J. V. Anderson, a Health, have been active in the enterfamous sporting and political gathering place—(there used to be a race track there)—as a sort of bishop in \$30,000. The Granger is an apartment for the treatment of trackoma, hook-that central place over all his antia woman's club, answered so many that central place over all his anti- house where Billy Whitla, the boy kid- worm, fever, etc. A number of city with his army. Soldiers are particular trolling the streets of Canton, as the thors that the ladies wished to know form purposes. He helped to estabby the police.

MOTORCYCLE SMASH UP

Knowledge is power and the

way to keep up with modern

As a result of high speed and care-Governor Tener of Pennsylvania less driving three men, two boys and since become able to support a family. were arrested but were released on bail pending action of other authori-

JULIA W. BECKHAM DEAD

Mrs. Julia W. Beckham died at Wickland, Ky., Friday, at the age of 78. She was the wife of W. N. Beckham and the daughter of the late governor, Charles A. Wickliffe. She Ex-Governor Lind of Minnesota always took an active interest in the goes to Mexico as adviser to Charge political affairs of the State and is O. Shaughnessy at the United States widely known in Kentucky and other Embassy. Mr. Lind goes without States. She was the daughter of a credentials but as he is under the governor, wife of a governor and modirection of President Wison, he will ther of ex-governor J. C. W. Beckham. exercise positive influence on the and has been a woman of much in-

POWERS TO QUIT CONGRESS

Representative Caleb Powers of Barbourville, Ky., has decided not to make another race for congress. Mr. Powers has not stood in very high favor with other Kentucky Congressmen at Washington and thinks that it would be much more pleasant to practice law at his old home than to be associated with people who have no respect for him. He will join with Judge Sampson and Attorney S. A. Smith in practice of law at Barbourville as soon as his present term as Representative expires.

"THOUSAND STICKS" GROWS Thousand Sticks published at Middlesboro, Ky., is making such rapid strides that it is necessary to increase their office equipment in order to care for their business. A new Babcock press is being installed and a much larger and better paper is promised in the future. Along with their improvements comes a new name and hereafter the paper will be known as The Pinnacle News.

L. & E. TO EXTEND TRAIN SERVICE

An effort is beng made on the part York, has been sued for breach of of the citizens along the L. & E. road from Lexington to McRoberts. The officials of the road have been in Louisville in conference with L. & N. Secretary Bryan announced that the headquarters and planning arrangeresignation of Wilson, Ambassador to ments by which a train will make the Mexico was accepted. The views and round trip from Lexington to Mcacts of the Ambassador were not in Roberts daily. Also a train will make the round trip from McRoberts to

> The business men of Winchester are making an effort to have Winchester considered as a starting point so that better communication may be had on the Cincinnati and Knoxville Division on the L. & N. road.

> THIRD TRIAL AT WINCHESTER Again a special venire of one hundred men has been summoned from Madison County for the trial of Jas. Deaton accused of murdering Ed Callahan of Breathitt County.

Owing to the fact that two Madison County juries have convicted Andrew this case asked for a jury outside of this judical district. Judge Benton overruled the motion and the trial

Last year just after a Mr. Jordi, ports of iron and steel amounted to hogs, his body was found in a well. two to twenty-one years. Last Monday Governor McCreary, after be-Pres. Wilson let it be known that ing petitioned by the citizens of Laupetitioners was Miss Emma Hess, a

NEW HOSPITAL AT HINDMAN Through the efforts of Senator Bradley and Representative Shirley Cleveland, O .- One man was killed the National Congress has appropriatfree of charge.

The Citizen

A family newspaper for all that is right, true and interesting.

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KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION.

JOHNNY APPLESEED.

Johnny Appleseed has been dead sixty years and more, but his work, if not his soul, goes marching on. In a very literal sense Johnny Appleseed planted good seed, and the fruit is still growing.

It will be well for us all if after we are dead we leave behind so much good as that done by Johnny Apple-

He had a bobby. It was the growing of apple trees. He loved the apple, and he wanted others to know it and love it as much as he did.

So he went about the country planting apple seed, and from that he got his name. Many of the apple trees in the middle west are direct descendants of the trees planted by Johnny Apple-

A goodly fruit is the apple. Johnny Appleseed lived in a time when there was strife between the whites and the Indians. But the red men knew him and his work, and it is recorded that they never molested him. They considered him a great "medicine

Up and down the land went Johnny Appleseed, without thought of reward, planting good. He came to his death when going to look after some of his trees which had been damaged by cat-

Why not emulate him?

Not in planting seeds of apple trees. for there are men who know more than we do about the fruit. But we may all set out trees of truth and love and kindness and service to our fellow men that shall grow after we ourselves are laid away underneath them.

We need not travel up and down the

land as Johnny Appleseed did. Each in his own community may easily find planting room for the seeds of good.

So shall the land be covered with the good fruit that the hungry may eat and be filled, that the weary may taste and be refreshed.

"All Hands Abandon Ship!" A naval officer thus describes the

realistic "all hands abandon ship" drill: "Two minutes after the word has been passed every ship's boat has swung from its davits into the water, and a minute later every boat is thoroughly provisioned and watered. Within four minutes and often in much quicker time every man of the ship's company, from the comanding officer down, is occupying the station in the boat called for by his ship's number, and then the command 'Sheer off!' is given. The boats are hauled away a couple of hundred feet from the deserted vessel, and she rides without a human soul aboard her, often when the drill is gone through in midocean in a sea that the landsman would account terrific. Then the word 'Board!' is passed, and within eight minutes at the most all hands are not only on board again, but every boat has been relashed to the davits, all of the provisions, water, instruments and other gear have been removed, and the ship's company is in a fair way to get to sleep again."

The Pitcairn Islanders.

Pitcairn islanders are all Seventh Day Adventists, having been converted to that faith by missionaries many years ago. The population consists of 150 persons. They live the simple life and are not troubled with the high cost of living, changing styles or great wealth. Nobody is rich and nobody is poor, though none of the islanders has any measure of wealth as it is reckoned in this country. The food consists of sweet potatoes, a little wheat, pumpkins and tropical fruits. The use of medicine is discouraged, and the usual cause of death is old age. Smoking and drinking are habits unknown. All rise at 5 o'clock and, after religious services, work until 2 in the afternoon on public work, building roads and in producing articles and food to be held in common. The rest of the day the inhabitants have to themselves to work or play, as pleases them. After the evening religious services most of the colonists retire at sundown.-Exchange,

Tramp and Palmist, "A palmist is like a tramp." "How "He's usually looking for 'hand out.' "-Boston Transcript

What Berea College is For, and How it is Managed

Articles of Incorporation*

PREAMBLE

In order to promote the cause of Christ, and to continue the Institution of learning begun in 1855, organized with the substance of this Constitution by John G. Fee, John A. R. Rogers. John Hanson and others in 1858, and first incorporated in 1866,



John G. Fee, Founder of Berea College

retaining all the rights, properties and immunities of the same. and amending in accordance with the laws of Kentucky the former acts of incorporation that we may more perfectly carry out our great purpose, we, the undersigned, voluntarily unite in ordaining this-

Constitution

ARTICLE I Name and Location

This Institution shall be called Berea College, and in that name shall have power to hold property, sue and be sued, and to exercise all the legal rights belonging to an incorporated institution of learning, and necessary for the prosecution of its varied forms of education. It shall have its chief offices at Berea, Kentucky.

ARTICLE II

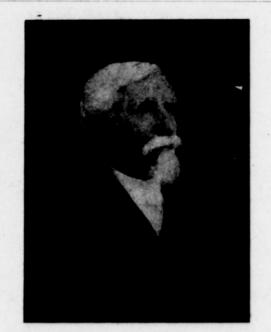
Object. The object of Berea College shall be to promote the aim set forth in the preamble, primarily by contributing to the spiritual and material welfare of the mountain region of the South, affording to young people of character and promise a thoro Christian education, elementary, industrial, secondary, normal and collegiate, with opportunities for manual labor as an assistance in self-support.

ARTICLE III

Christian Character.

This College shall be under, and shall labor to exert, an influence distinctly Christian, and shall forever stand opposed to unjust discriminations, intemperance, and every institution and practice known to be wrong.

In the election of members of the Board of Trustees, or the employment of teachers, no sectarian test shall be applied; it



John A. R. Rogers, First Principal Berea College

shall be required only that the candidate be the most competent person available to fill the office, and have a Christian experience with a righteous practice.

ARTICLE IV

Board of Trustees.

This Institution shall be governed by a Board of Trustees, of which the President of the College shall be one, and the others elected for definite terms, as fixed by the Statutes of its Trustees. Each newly elected Trustee shall signify his concurrence in the aims of the Institution by signing the Constitution.

This Board shall hold an annual meeting, and other meetings as provided in its Statutes, and at the annual meeting shall fill vacancies in its own body and elect for the year to come a President, Vice-president, and Secretary of the Board, and a Treasurer of the College; and shall transact other lawful and necessary business

The Board shall enact Statutes for the governing of its own proceedings and for the Institution in general. It shall have power to elect a President of the Institution and other officers of administration and instruction, fixing their duties, support and tenure of office; to prescribe courses of study, confer degrees, receive and disburse moneys, make and enforce contracts, audit accounts, appoint examiners, and transact all other lawful business in its judgment most expedient for the objects of the Institution.

ARTICLE V

Limitations. Neither this Institution nor any of its departments shall be operated, managed or used for private gain, nor engage in any plan of banking or insurance.

*These articles conform to the requirements of Kentucky Statutes, Chapter XXXII, Article VIII., which also prescribes the conditions of amendment. The Institution is exempt from taxation by the Kentucky Constitution, \$170. The language of the original Articles of Incorporation is, so far as appropriate, retained.

The private property of Trustees shall not be subject to the payment of corporate debts, and no such debts shall be contracted in excess of fifty thousand dollars.

Extracts from the Statutes

1. 7. The Prudential Committee

The Prudential Committee, consisting of the President and Treasurer of the College, ex-officio, and others elected at each annual meeting, is to exercise delegated power for the Trustees in carrying out their policies, meeting emergencies, and attending to fiscal details during the year. With the concurrence of the President of the College it shall establish Acts or Regulations not in conflict with the Constitution and Statutes, and subject to the revision of the Trustees, for the conduct of fiscal affairs not provided for in the Statutes.

II, 2. General Faculty Powers.

The General Faculty shall have immediate charge of school management, but may take no action involving an expenditure of money except as the same is appropriated by the Trustees or Prudential Committee. With the concurrence of the President of the College the General Faculty shall establish Decrees or Rules not in conflict with the Constitution or Statutes and subject to revision by the Trustees, for the conduct of school affairs not provided for in the Statutes, but the General Faculty shall make no rule applying to a single department without the concurrence of the Faculty and Dean of that department.

11, 4. The Cabinet or Schedule Committee.

The Cabinet or Schedule Committee shall consist of the President, Dean of Women, Registrar, and Dean or Assigning Officer of each of the five departments, and shall act for the General Faculty in granting permissions affecting more than one department, in assigning class-rooms and hours, and appointing such duties of workers as do not fall within the department to which they belong; also in admonishing or punishing students for offenses not dealt with by the several Deans.

The Cabinet (Schedule Committee), may enact no Standing Rule except for its own proceedings and the routine work of Registrar and Deans, and must report its chief actions to the General Faculty at the next meeting of the same in order that the Faculty may give such instructions or directions as it desires. Any action in discipline must be reported to the Faculty concerned, and the vote of such Faculty shall be necessary for ex-

II. 8. Conduct of Students

The Faculty shall by suitable regulations prevent students from attending secret societies, using intoxicants or tobacco, carrying weapons, or engaging in any mistreatment of persons or property, or from the violation of any civil laws or laws of common morality. Young men and young women shall not meet to visit in any private place. Students' sports shall be provided for and regulated as directed in the Trustee Resolutions of 1910.*

II. 11. Student Labor

Every effort shall be made to have all the work of the Institution performed by students and commissioned foremen, and to provide additional labor for the benefit of those who need opportunities for self-support. Students shall be paid what is the commercial value of their services so nearly as that may be ascertained. But skilled labor shall not command city prices in Berea, but pay proportioned to the low cost of living here. Students who have acquired their skill at our expense may be paid less than

Berea Invites All Those Who Believe in Its Principles.

All who contemplate attending Berea, or sending their children here, should thoroughly understand the character and aims of the Institution. Many are seeking a school of exactly this kind, while others prefer something different and should go elsewhere.

Some chief aims of Berea, as shown in preceding pages, are the following:

Its first endeavor is to bring its students under the power of the Christian religion-the truths held by all Christians, apart from sectarian teachings,-and it expects all to attend daily worship and regular instruction in the Bible.

It was founded with the express purpose of making the best education possible for those of smallest means. Believing that simplicity and economy are important things in education, it insists upon them in all the arrangements of school life. It also believes that some manual labor is a proper part of education as well as a help in self support. Some wealthy parents wish to send their children to Berea but such can be admitted only when they desire to share in manual labor and to live in the same sensible and frugal fashion as students from less luxurious homes.

Berea places great emphasis upon high scholarship, elevating recreations and the care of bodily health. It provides the best instruction, very rare facilities in the way of library, laboratories, etc., gymnasium, outdoor sports, and the care of nurse and physician. It absolutely prohibits the use of intoxicants and tobacco, and in general provides for a well-regulated rather than a self-indulgent school life. See Regulations, page 32.

Seven Schools in One

Berea College is the corporate name of this Institution. It embraces several different schools or departments with varied courses of instruction, and is thus prepared to offer to each student an education of greater or less extent, and of the particular kind best adapted to his needs and life plans.

The College, with four courses of study, provides that "liberal education" which is the amplest preparation for the work of life or for professional study.

The Normal School, with three courses of study, provides the most thorough preparation for teaching. The Berea Normal School is distinguished for its special adaptations for rural schools.

The Normal School also manages a "Model School" of children under fifteen, residing with their parents in Berea, which serves for observation and practice for students of the Normal School.

The Academy has three courses which fit students for entrance to college, and one course which affords

*On Students' Sports, voted. Oct. 28, 1910: The Trustees of Berea College regard the Institution and properties committed to their care as a trust to be administered with the sole end in view of giving the largest equipment for life especially by producing Christian character and mental power.

They hold that a well developed body is necessary as a proper home and tool for a well trained mind, and that, in addition to ordinary exercise, properly managed, college sports have decided value as an adjunct to the best classroom work.

They view with concern, however, the present tendency to extremes in inter-collegiate athletics, and consider that Berea, with its limited number of advanced students and its large responsibilities for those engaged in manual labor for self-support, cannot compete on equal terms with institutions whose students are differently situated. They therefore direct the President and Faculty to arrange for sports among our own students which shall meet the needs and requirements of our situation, and to limit contests with other colleges to those in which Berea students may meet others on terms of substantial equality, and at moderate expense; and to so regulate such contests as not to detract from the interest in home contests, or tempt our students to make athletics a too absorbing pursuit.

for those who do not plan for college the best immediate preparation for life.

The Vocational Schools-Mountain Agriculture, Home Science and the like-provide mental training and general information together with practical instruction in the arts of life, thus fitting their students most promptly for increased efficiency and good citizenship.

The Foundation School provides for young people above fifteen years of age instruction of a superior kind in the common branches combined with music, drawing, Bible study, and industrial training. It thus affords for some a preparation for the Vocational Schools, the Academy or the Normal School, and for others an immediate preparation for self-help and good citizenship.

The Extension Department sends out traveling libraries, and conducts teachers institutes, peoples institutes, and religious meetings as it finds opportunity through Eastern Kentucky and adjoining states.

The Music Department provides instruction in singing, in the use of the cabinet organ and the piano which may be taken by students in all departments, but does not accept students for music alone.

History Since 1855

The Institution owes its beginning to the great re; form movements of the last century. The people Kentucky were divided on the question of slavery, many of those that had themselves inherited slaves being opposed to slavery as an institution. General Cassius M. Clay was a leader in the movement for gradual emancipation. He noted the fact that the people of the mountains owned land, but did not own slaves, and determined to found in the edge of the mountains a settlement



First Chapel, Berea College

in which free-speech could be maintained. At his invitation Rev. John G. Fee, of Bracken County, in 1853, founded an anti-slavery union church, out of which grew the village and College of Berea. The school began in 1855, and Principal John A. R. Rogers coming soon after established the College and Preparatory Departments. Mobs and persecutions followed, but the school prospered until forcibly suspended just before the war. Its influence did much toward holding Kentucky in the Union. The battle of Richmond, Aug. 30, 1862, caused a second exodus of the Berea teachers, but they continued to make payments for the college land even during the time in which they could not set foot on it! In 1869 came President Henry Fairchild and the col-



lege work was resumed and other departments added.

Fee, Rogers and Fairchild, and their successors, were mcre than mere teachers. They were reformers, evangelists, advocates of temperance, friends of humanity, and they gave a progressive spirit to the institution which made it a pioneer in educational matters, industrial education, and work for the upbuilding of the public schools.*

From the beginning the Berea teachers took a deep interest in the people of the great mountain region of the South. In fact they were the first to discover the extent, the needs, and the great worth and promise of this region, and to adapt their methods to the meeting . of these special needs. President Fairchild was somewhat hampered by the burdens of reconstruction times, but with the coming of President Frost, 1892, the Institution again turned its chief attention to these mountain problems. These problems are met by the "Extension Work," the Industrial Courses, the Normal Department, etc., and they bring to the Collegiate Department a very great interest in such studies as geology, sociology and history.

Berea has had from its very beginning a most distinguished support. Roswell Smith, Dr. D. K. Pearsons, Andrew Carnegie and Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart Kennedy are among its benefactors, and President Woodrow Wilson, Ex-Presidents Roosevelt and Taft, Dr. Eliot of Harvard and President Hadley of Yale, lend it hearty endorsement.

*Soon after the war two young colored soldiers applied for instruction of them for the work of teaching. They were admitted just as at a Northern or European school, and training of colored teachers went on at Berea, to the great benefit of the colored public schools, and of the state, the two races maintaining their separate social life with entire propriety. This arrangement was prohibited by state law in 1904, and Berea transferred the work to the new Lincoln Institute, near Louisville, which is now entirely independent, with its own board of trustees.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

All About the Institution

LOCATION AND SURROUNDINGS

The College is located in Madison County on the Louisville & Nashville R. R., one hundred and thirty

miles Southeast of Louisville and one hundred and thirty-one South of Cincinnati. The town bears the same name, Berea, and is a healthful village, delightfully situated among the foothills of the Cumberland Mountains.

The citizens, as a rule sympathize with the educational and moral aims of the Institution. The village shows many marks of enterprise and improvement. Its law prohibiting the sale of intoxicants is vigorously inforced.



Families are not encouraged to move to Berea with the expectation of obtaining opportunities for self-support from the College. The College work is done by students, and the price of board and rooms in the College is so low that families in the village cannot profitably provide them for students.

Berea stands between the mountains, home of the famous "mountain people" whose loyalty forms so romantic an episode in the Civil War, and the noted Blue Grass Region" on the west. Just east is "West Pinnacle' from which Daniel Boone first viewed the fertile plains of Kentucky; the scenery is remarkably attractive: the climate is mild and healthful, the elevation above sea level 1,070 feet, and mountain excursions invite to healthful exercise.

The Fay Forest Reserve belonging to the College includes East and West Pinnacles, Bear Knob, Cowbell Hollow, the Rock House, and the famed "Indian Fort."

GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS

The grounds, embracing some seventy acres, are attractive from abundance of native forest trees, Mountain Spring Water supplied through the generosity of Dr. Pearsons, of Chicago, comes from ten mountain springs, affording an abundance for drinking and domestic purposes. It comes with a pressure sufficient to throw large streams of water over any of our buildings.

The following are the chief public buildings:

The Administration Offices of President, Treasurer, Secretary and Purchasing Agent are in the rear wing of the Carnegie Library. The Registrar's

The Tabernacle is used for Commencement exercises, which are attended by several thousand people.

The Gymnasium for physical training and indoor games like basket ball nducted on the ample floor of the Tabernacle, where dumb-bells and other good apparatus are provided.

The New Chapel seats 1,400 persons, with a smaller auditorium for 300, and Sunday-school rooms and other conveniences. It was erected by the

The New Carnegie Library, which cost \$40,000, is provided with steam heat and electric light, and affords excellent facilities for work by our adnced students in historical, literary, scientific, pedagogical and other lines vanced students in historical, literary, scientific, penalty of investigation and research. It also provides for the needs of students and has rooms for the administration of our Traveling Libraries. Liscoln Hall, the gift of the late Roswell Smith of the Century Company,

a well constructed three-story brick building, contains offices, class-rooms and Co-operative Store, ventilated and heated by steam. It also accommodates the College Men's Literary societies, and the great Reflectoscope. Science Hall furnishes class-rooms, laboratories and cabinets for the

Departments of Chemistry and Physics. A part of this building only is completed and occupied.

The Men's Industrial Building, 182 feet long and three stories high, umodates for the present the Woman's Industries (sewing, cooking and laundry), the agricultural and biological lecture rooms, the cabinet, the

nd and mechanical drawing, and in the third story a men's dormitory. The New Power and Heat Plant, now under construction, has already in stalled two 150-horsepower boilers, and a 75 K.W., three wire, 250 Volts D.C. Turbo Generator Set, Curtis type, supplying power and light wherever

needed, as well as steam heat for the chief public buildings. schinery-planer, shaper, turning lathes, etc., as well as draughting rooms,

odations for classes in carpentry. Bruce Printing Building, erected in memory of Geo. Bruce the Typefounder and inventor of the "point system," is equipped with a Michle Press Linotype and other appointments of the very best pattern. The upper stories used as a Sloyd room with 30 benches, and as dormitory for men

The Hospital. The new nurses' home, contagious ward, necessary for epidemics of measles, and part of the main hospital building are built and will accommodate twelve non-contagious and twenty-five contagious patients besides six nurses. There is also an operating room fully equipped with

Music Hall has a small room for rehearsals and several practice rooms. Foundation School Rooms are locatedtemporarily on the second floor of the Industrial Building, and in three remodeled store buildings - Hanson Hall, Palace, and Castle.

The Model School Buildings, three in number, contain five school rooms. WOMEN'S DORMITORIES

Ladies Hall, a spacious three-story brick building, contains the offices of the Dean of Women and the Matron, other public rooms, and apartments for a hundred and two young women and seven teachers; public rooms heated by steam and lighted by electricity. The Annex accommodates six-

young women and one teacher.

Putnam Hall, a three-story building, accommodates sixty-six young omen of the Vocational Schools and two teachers. It has two splen didly equipped rooms for sewing and cooking, a model kitchen and dining and temporary accommodations for fireside industries.

Gilbert Cottage, twenty-six young women and two teachers. Boone Cottage, thirty young women and two teachers. Prospect Cottage, twenty-two young women and two teachers. se, twenty-two young women and two teachers. The Marshall House, sixteen young women and two teachers. Model House, four young women and one teacher. The Hospital and Annex, ten young women and one head nurse

MEN'S DORMITORIES

Howard Hall, named after General Oliver O. Howard, accommodates seventy-eight young men and two teachers; steam-heated; electric lighted. e of Academy men.

Pearsons Hall gives best accommodations for one hundred and fortyfour young men and two teachers. This is the home of College men and advanced men of the Normal Department. Pearsons Hall Annex, forty-two young men and one teacher.

Williams Dormitory, twenty-four young men and one teacher of the Foun-

Williams Annex and Howard Hall Annex each accommodate thirty-four young men and one teacher. The Palace, twelve young men and one teacher.

The Castle, ten young men and one teacher The Rookery, fourteen young men and one teacher Gate Cottage, six young men. Bruce, forty young men and one teacher.

Industrial, seventy-two young men and two teachers.

The Chapel, eight young men. Science Hall, ten young men. for young men in other buildings accommodate fifteen.

The Boarding Hall, occupying part of the Ladies Hall, and annexes, pro-vides table accommodations in its six dining-rooms for nine hundred persons. Its bakery, steam kettles and other equipments make it possible to furnish good board at smallest expense.

LIBRARY AND APPARATUS

The College Library contains over twenty-six thousand well-selected volumes carefully cataloged and classified by the Dewey system. The entire collection is open to students daily. Small select libraries are provided in Ladies Hall, Howard Hall, and several other buildings. Magazines and newspapers are supplied by

a subscription of teachers and students.

Working Cabinets. Collections for working cabnets of mineralogy, geology, botany, forestry, zoology and commercial geography are displayed so far as room permits.

Laboratories. Laboratories in the departments of physics, mathematics, chemistry, botany and zoology are well provided with microscopes and complete equipment for individual student work.

Class-room equipments are ample-including maps, charts and other illustrative material.

The Gymnasium has ample floor space in the Tabernacle, and a considerable equipment of first class apparatus. The three athletic fields are among the best in the state.

The Lands for Instruction in Farming and Forestry embrace gardens, farm lands, and the Fay Forest of over 4,000 acres.

SPECIAL CARE OF HEALTH

For Bodily Vigor. The arrangements of our school life are such as to promote good health. The wholesome food, regularity of meals, quiet hours for sleep, absence of tobacco and dissipating pleasures, invigorating sports, gymnastic drill, and bath-rooms in the main dormitories, practically insure good bodily development.

To protect health we are obliged to request parents not to send food of any kind except fruit to students in

The Hospital and College Physician care for all boarding students when sick, without charge, except for chronic diseases, surgery and dentistry. Patients pay for medicine and bandages at cost price. Students lodged in the Hospital pay board for the time they are there at the same rates as at Ladies Hall. The health record of Berea students is remarkably good-far better than that of any equal number of young people at their homes.

GENERAL CULTURE AND RECREATION

Besides the various courses of study open to students there are many opportunities for general culture and enjoyment.

The Lyceum Course of entertainments, managed by a committee of the Faculty, secures each year some of the best talent of the country. These entertainments are furnished at prices much lower than at other places.

The Harmonia Society, numbering some hundred voices, affords training for singers and enjoyment for all. It practices eachTuesday night, gives concerts at Christmas and Commencement time, and aids at other entertainments.

Choral Classes, beginners' class, and advanced class, offer the best of instruction in singing to all students without any extra charge.

The College Band of some twenty members receives free instruction and free use of several instruments.

The Literary Societies hold their meetings on Saturday night. The Utile Dulce and Pi Epsilon Pi societies are for young women of the Collegiate Department; the Philamathea Society for Normal women; the Aelioian Society for Academy women; the Douglas Society for young women of the Vocational and Foundation Schools. The Alpha Zeta and Phi Delta societies are for young men of the advanced classes and have fine rooms in Lincoln Hall; the Union and Beta Kappa societies are for young men of the Normal and Academy Departments; the Dinsmore Forensic Society for Normal men; and the Franklin Society for Foundation School men; the Mountain Society for young men and young women meets Saturday afternoon, and a "Mountain Congress" is held each winter in which students from the mountain counties of Kentucky and other States discuss the things that make for progress in this region.

Student Religious Societies. There are senior and intermediate Christian Endeavor societies connected with the Union Church of Berea, which are conducted largely by students; and the Young Men's Christian Association and the Young Women's Christian Association are large and active. In these societies new students will find a hearty welcome, and the best of companionship and

Sports are arranged for in such ways as to afford real recreation without distracting attention from study, and are supervised by the Gymnasium Committee. Besides the three athletic fields (page 20) a number of tennis courts are at the disposal of the students, as well as facilities for basket-ball, croquet, and special work in the gymnasium. The competitions of Field Day are open to the whole school. The different departments organize competitive sports like baseball, football and basket-ball, making a regular schedule of games with each other. Our students do not engage in intercollegiate contests to any extent.

Walking parties, and occasional excursions, in addition to "Mountain Day," are inviting forms of recreation.

The Weekly Lecture, usually on Thursday, is given sometimes to the whole body of students and sometimes to the main and upper chapel gatherings separately, by a member of the Faculty or some distinguished speaker from abroad. The following are some of the subjects discussed during the past year:

"The Treasures of Youth," "The Purpose of Education," "The Battle of allot," "Martin Luther," "Fetters of Habit," "Browning," "Keeping Abreast of the Times," "Taste in Dress." "Peace," "Holland," "Play, a Par

Social Occasions in the form of Opening Socials. Department Socials Mountain Day and the like, are provided at various times through the College year, and duly announced in the Calendar, page 3.

Other Public Occasions of educational value are the closing exercises o

each term; joint debates between literary societies; entertainments by the Foundation and Model Schools; recitals by the Music Department; public addresses on Thanksgiving Day; Day of Prayer for Colleges; Lincoln's Birthday and "Mountain Congress"; a Christmas Concert; a stirring program on Memorial Day, listened to by a large concourse of people from the surrounding country; and the several exercises of Commencefrom the surrounding country; and the series, address before these and ment Week-anniversary of literary societies, address before these and ment Week-anniversary of literary societies, address before these and other organizations, Academy exhibition, baccalaureate sermon, alumni union. the addresses of Commencement Day, attended by thousands.

REGULATIONS

*The Regulations of the Institution are few and *Students are held responsible for knowing the contents of the Student's Manual issued by advising officers.

simple, appealing to the self-respect and personal responsibility of the student. Students are not permitted to use intoxicating liquors or tobacco or to enter eating houses or places of amusement outside college grounds, on pain of immediate suspension. Secret societies are not allowed in connection with the College. No student is allowed to visit one of the opposite sex in any private place. Students that need to be absent from class, chapel, or any other required exercise, must get an excuse from the proper officer in advance. The necessary labor connected with the school-at boarding hall, dormitories, offices, laundry, shop, farm, etc.-is done by students, with fair compensation. So far as possible this is assigned to those desiring to earn money, but all students must be ready to do as much as seven hours of manual work a week.

Berea is designed only for those who really desire the regulated life thus provided for, and all others are earnestly advised to go elsewhere. Students that fail to give cheerful compliance to the regulations of the school, or to improve their opportunities here, may be privately dismissed without special charge or censure at any time, and must depart promptly to their homes.

Christian Character. The College is undenominational but distinctly Christian, and provides instruction in the Bible, one hour during the week and one hour on Sunday morning. All students attend religious services in the chapel on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, and on Sunday night.

Advising Officers. Each student has one teacher who is his special advising officer, and who has a daily hour for consultation. The student may consult his advising officer on any matter as he would a parent at home, and receive from him friendly counsel and necessary permissions and excuses.

The advising officer for all women is the Dean of Women. The advising officer for a young man is the head of the department to which he belongs.

Department Conferences. Once each week the students of each department meet their advising officers, at the Chapel period, for consultation and suggestion.

Terms and Semesters. For College and Academy the school work is arranged in two semesters of eighteen weeks each; for the Normal Department the work is arranged in two sessions, the first of fourteen weeks and the second of either nineteen or twenty-two weeks; for other departments it is arranged in three terms, as shown in the Calendar on page 3. But students of all departments settle school bills by the

Registration and Payment of School Bills. For the Fall and Winter terms offices will be open as follows: Monday before the opening of term 12:45 p.m.; Tuesday, 7:30 to 11:45 and 12:45 to 4:40; Wednesday, (Opening Day, Procession to Chapel 7:30) 8:30 to 11:45 and 2:40 to 4:40.

For the Spring Term students already members of the school must settle as follows: Monday before opening of term—Normal, 8:00 to 10:30 a. m. Vocational, 10:30 to 12:00 a. m.; Academy, 1:00 to 4:00 p. m.; College, 4:00 to 5:30 p. m.; Tuesday -Foundation School, 8:00 to 12:00 a. m.; Model School, 1:30 to

New students who do not settle before end of the second day of term ay an extra registration fee of 50 cents and ten cents for each day's delay after their arrival.

Students who have been registered the preceding term must settle at appointed time or pay a fee of \mathfrak{B} fty cents for the first day of delay, and ten cents for each day thereafter.

Summer School. A Summer School under the auspices of the College opens the Monday following Commencement and continues eight weeks. There are classes in the common branches and in secondary studies and students may gain credit for one unit or two half units. The fee is eight dollars, besides hospital fee of one dollar. Students already connected with Berea must bring to the Summer Regent a statement from the Dean of their Department as to the work to be taken in the Summer School. Write to the Secretary for Special

Summer Regent. No student from a distance is allowed to remain in Berea during the Summer vacation except by permission and registration with Summer Regent, and advance settlement with Treasurer, and women must first secure the consent of the Dean of Women. Such students must observe vacation regulations, and must register with the Summer Regent by the Monday following Commencement, pay a hospital fee of one dollar insuring care in case of illness.

Students whose homes are in Berea, if they are employed by the College or study in the Summer School, must also register with the Regent and ob serve vacation regulations. They may pay the hospital fee for insurance if

Fee for late registration is the same as for other terms.

DIRECTIONS FOR NEW STUDENTS

Testimonials Required. Applicants must send the Secretary a testimonial stating that they are above fifteen years of age, in good health, and of good moral character. Such testimonial may be furnished by some person of recognized standing like that of teacher, preacher, or magistrate in the community from which the student comes, or by some student whose reputation is established in Berea.

Entrance on Certificate. In order to have their classification arranged beforehand students must send in their credits on official blanks certified to by their former teachers. On application, such blanks will be sent by the College Secretary. Satisfactory statements will relieve applicants from examinations except in reference to their ability to write correct English. If, after a trial, they fail to maintain themselves in the classes to which they were assigned, they will be placed where they can work to the best advant No credit will be given for work taken elsewhere unless certificates for

the same are presented within three months of a student's registration at

Arrival. Students should send their dollar deposit to the College Secretary to secure a rcom,* and tell him when they will arrive. Students must secure rooms in advance to be sure of accommodation. A reply from the Secretary, should be received before leaving home. On arriving in Berea, young women go to Ladies Hall, and young men to the Registrar's office. Students are admitted at any time, but they gain much in every way by arriving on the day before the opening of the term.

Opening of Terms. Terms open on Wednesday. Students should plan to arrive on the preceding Tuesday or Monday, but not earlier. Representatives of the College meet all trains and provide cheap and safe transportation for baggage. For safety students are advised to give baggage checks only to College Officials who will be found on the train or at the station. The College inds are within a quarter of a mile of the station.

*Students cannot live outside College premises except by permission of the Schedule Committee, which is rarely given. In such cases they must pay for each term or part of a term one dollar to the Boarding Hall and one dollar to the Dormitory.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL **LESSON**

By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Even ing Department The Moody Bible In stitute of Chicago.)

LESSON FOR AUGUST 10

THE PASSOVER.

LESSON TEXT—Ex. 12:21-31.
GOLDEN TEXT—"The Son of man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give His life a ransom for many."—Matt. 20:28.

There was a two-fold preparation before partaking of the passover supper. The lamb had to be properly selected and definitely kept a period of four days, Ex. 12:3-6. Then those who ate had to make proper preparation first in the previous eating (12:15) and second in the dress they were to wear while partaking of the feast (v. 11). Everywhere throughout the subsequent references the Passover lamb is used as a type of the Christ. We have chosen to add verses 31-36 and to make a four-fold division of the lesson.

Without Blemish.

I. Instruction, vv. 21-23. This Passover month was henceforth to be the beginning of the year. It is even so with us that being redeemed by the shed blood "all things become new," we begin over again, the past is as though it were not, 2 Cor. 5:17. In v. 3, we read that the "lamb was for an household" (R. V.) and if the household be too little, then shall he and his neighbor next door be invited to the feast. Christ is for the home, but others should be invited, beginning next door; there is an abundance for all in him. It will be noted that the lamb was to be held four days, so Christ was set apart before the time of his actual sacrifice (I. Pet. 1:20). Salvation through the shed blood of Jesus Christ was not the remedy of an emergency, an after thought of God to meet an unexpected contingency. The lamb must be without blemish (I. Peter 1:19; Heb. 9:14; 2 Cor. 5:21), and the fact of it being a year old (v. 5) suggests the perfection of strength which is in Christ.

II. Inspiration, vv. 24-27. God seeing the blood gave them security; they seeing the blood were given assurance. In the days to come, when they had entered into their promised possession, they were to be inspired to obedience as with gratitude they ren bered the merciful provision of God. Even so the testimony of God's Word about the blood of Christ makes us sure and we are to tell others of our marvelous deliverance. Peter 1:2:24. Symbol of Faith.

III. Execution, vv. 28-30. It was not enough merely to shed the blood, it must be applied according to instructions or else there was no security. vv. 7 and 22. Hyssop is symbolic of faith. Have we, by faith, applied the blood? See Rom. 3:25; I. John 1:9; Rom. 10:10. Notice, also, no blood was to touch the threshold. See Heb. 10: 29. No Israelite was to neglect to eat of the feast (nor should any Christian neglect the Lord's supper where ther, none but those behind the blood were to eat of the feast. It is quite suggestive that the Israelites "went and did so as the Lord had commanded," v. 28. God's warning received no such obedience from Pharach and the Egyptians, and hence the terrible judgment executed.

IV. Expulsion, vv. 31-36. Pharaoh could not wait till morning to get rid of Moses and the Israelites (v. 31). His former dilatoriness stands out in strong contrast now that he has drunk the cup to the bitter dregs. He is insistently urgent and the Egyptians with him, for, said they, "we be all dead men." The Israelites "asked" (v. 35) of the Egyptians jwels of silver and gold and fine raiment. When orientals go to their sacred festivals they always put on their best jewels.

Summary. The pre-eminent value

of this feast of the Passover was that it created for the Israelites an opportunity to tell their children the story of how they became a nation. Like as they partook of it within the houses protected by the blood upon the doorposts and lintels and girded for immediate departure so we can be protected by the bloow of our Lamb. As they obeyed they were saved. In close connection with this feast was the feast of unleavened bread, significant of the fact that their redemption by God was to be manifested by them in the separation from every corrupting influence. This feast was to equally perpetual as a memorial of their new bondage to the law of their god. Every subsequent reference to these events by prophet, priest or rabbi emphasized the funda mental fact that it was Jehovah who redeemed them and that in that re-demption was the foundation of their national life. The Golden Text.-Paul was brought

up in the strictest sect of the Jews to observe, punctiliously, all the details of the Hebrew religion. He found in Christ the fulfillment of all its suggestions. It took ages to teach the full meaning of the sacri-ficial lamb, but when its interest was manifested it was Paul, "the Hebrew of the Hebrews," who said, "for our Passover also hath been sacrificed,

Tell this story to the children in its simplicity, keeping back nothing, and point out plainly that we are a people ransomed by the Lord.

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Gabbard of

Wallaceton spent Saturday and Sun-

day with Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Gabbard.

with her sister, Mrs. James Early in

Mr. Aden Ogg, who has been direc-

Ind., for several months has returned

Mayor Gay is improving his prop-

Mrs. Robert Terrill and children of

Richmond were the guests of Mr. and

Miss Lou Phillips is spending a

Mrs. Jack Laswell of Orlando, Ky.,

Mrs. C. B. Holder and little son

Mrs. A. B. Huff now of Lexington

is spending her vacation in Berea

with Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Golden. Mr.

Huff is just completing Summer

Mrs. R. W. Todd was taken to

Mr. Chas. Cliff of Mt. Jackson

Sanitarium, Indianapolis, Ind., visit-

ed with relatives and friends in Be-

Mr. Harrold VanWinkle of Balti-

several weeks visit with relatives in

Mr. Mattie Woods of Paint Lick

Miss Mae Harrison is filling Miss

POCKETBOOK FOUND-Call on

Mr. Cleveland Davis was a Berea

Mrs. Lizzie Riddle of Lexington ar-

The Misses Johns and McKinestry

rived, Saturday, for a short visit with

of Harlan, Ky. are spending a few

Mrs. Lizzie Harts has returned

There will be an ice cream supper

at the Pleasant Grove church, Fri-

day, at 7 p. m. given by the Estridge

Mr. James Adams visited his bro-

ther, E. E. Adams at Richmond, Mon-

her sister, Mrs. H. C. Brewer, who

will be impossible for him to fill the

Messrs. Robert and Charley Bow-

Mr. Leonard Spence together with

pleasant visit at the home of Mrs.

SUMMER SCHOOL CLOSED

After a very successful session un-

Academy work were given including

next year so that students who are

irregularly classed or behind with

opportunity to complete their work.

FOR BETTER STOCK

man left recently for Appalachia, Va.,

where they will be employed for a

Rev. Wm. Jones, who was to have

home from a three weeks visit with

Mrs. James Hulett of Rockford, Ky.

her mother, Mrs. W. H. Burdette.

weeks at Boone Tavern.

Amy Todd's place at the bank during

was visiting in Berea, Thursday.

Porter-Moore Drug Co. Main St.

Louisville, Sunday, to have a very

serious operation performed.

School at Lexington.

rea during the Fair.

visitor last week.

school children.

appointment here.

while

of London are visiting with her

spent a few days last week with her

Mrs. W. J. Tatum during the Fair ..

few days with Miss Ella Adams.

mother, Mrs. Nannie Brannaman.

parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Early.

North Manchester, Ind.

to Berea.

DR. BEST,

DENTIST

CITY PHONE 153

DAN H. BRECK INSURANCE

Will sign your bond. Phone 505 Richmond, Ky.

L. & N. TIME TABLE .

North Bound, Local 7:00 a. m 10:55 p. m. Knoxville 1:07 p. m. 3:52 a. m. BEREA 6:30 p. m. 7:45 a. m. South Bound, Local

Cincinnati 6:30 a. m. 8:15 p. m. BEREA 12:34 p. m. 12:33 a. m. 7:00 p. m. 5:50 a. m. Knoxville Express Train

No. 33 will stop to take on passengers for Knoxville and points beyond. South Bound

Cincinnati 8:00 a. m. 11:55 a. m. BEREA

No. 32 will stop at Berea to take on passengers for Cincinnati, O., and points beyond. North Bound

BEREA 4:45 p. m. Cincinnati 8:50 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bower were in Lexington, Monday.

Mr. T. J. Coyle was in Richmond, Mrs. S. E. Welch and family vis-

ited the Lake's Sunday near Richmond. All report a fine time. Miss Mattie McGuire has been vis-

iting in Berea the past week. Miss Kathleen Benge of Richmond

is the guest of the Misses Grace and Mary Adams this week.

Mr. June Logsdon and brother-inlaw, Rice Winkler, visited relatives in Berea, Saturday and Sunday.

Houghton, Parry, Phoenix, Seehler and Banner buggles now on the floor at Welch's. (ad.) Miss Hazel Young of Richmond vis-

ited with Miss Mary Coyle during the Mrs. Stella Laswell from Brush

Creek is visiting with her mother, Mrs. Nannie Branaman. Mr. Jack Woods of Wildie was a

Berea visitor last week. Miss Sallie Botkin visited with her brother, Dr. Botkin and wife, Saturday.

day and Sunday. Miss Florence Estridge is visiting visiting home folks on Jackson Street with relatives at Paint Lick this week. has returned to Richmond to nurse

Mrs. Charles Berryman has returned home after a short visit with rela-has fever.

Miss Ethel Estridge of Paint Lick visited with Miss Ada Estridge last church next Sunday, writes that it

Miss Grace Adams, who is employed at the Gibson Infirmary, is at home for a few days.

Hoosier wheat Welch's. (ad.)

Mrs. Elnora Simpson and little daughter, left Saturday for their his wife and mother enjoyed a very home in Monticello, Ky., after a pleasant visit with Mr. and Mrs. T. James Durham in Rockcastle County A. Robinson.

Mr. Ewart Godbey who was in Berea during the Fair to play in the band, returned Sunday, to his home in Salyersville, Ky.

Mrs. Nora Smith and children of der the management of Prof. E. C. Richmond visited with her parents, Seale the Summer School closed last Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Fowler during the week. Various courses in College and Mr. J. W. VanWinkle of Mt. History, German, Greek, Algebra,

Vernon was a Berea visitor last week. Geometry and several years Latin. Mr. George Golden and family vis- About thirty students, most of whom ited with his parents in town during were regular students in some departthe Fair. ment last year, were enrolled and completed courses very satisfactorily.

When you want a real wagon it's "Old Hickory" or At the close of the school in June the a "Studebaker." "Weber" at Welch's.

prospects were very encouraging for Mrs. Hagen of Wildie, Miss Drane a large enrollment but on account of and the Misses Lutz of Tarpon more stringent regulations for giv-Springs, Florida, who have been ing credit on summer school work the spending the summer at Wildie, were number in attendance was much visiting in Berea during the Fair. smaller than was expected. Other arrangements will possibly be in effect

The Racket Store

CANNING AT COLLEGE GARDEN

Mr. Ralph Fletcher, Supt. of the College Garden, has been so successful in raising vegetables this season that he has been unable to dispose of them. The crop of tomatoes is now Democratic 59. being gathered and as there is no market for them in Berea a small canning J. W. Stephens 24. outfit has been secured and is now in operation near the garden office. From twelve to sixteen bushels of tomatoes have been gathered daily, Miss Amy Todd who is an assistant and from six to eight people are emin the First National Bank of Berea, ployed in canning them. The outfit is Office over Berea Bank & Trust Co. left Monday for a visit of three weeks not sufficient to care for any large amount of work but is putting out a first-class article. At present quart cans are used. Prof. Montgomery Fire, Life, Accident, and Live Stock tor of a band in Fredericksburg, is assisting in the direction of the work and considers it quite a success for so small an apparatus. While it is more or less an experiment this erty by the construction of a large year it is very probable that a firstclass outfit will be installed in connection with the Garden Department next year so as to provide canned goods for the boarding hall and citizens of the town.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

The Sunday School Convention of the Glade District was held last Sun- ceived 711 votes; A. D. Miller, 1,126; day, August 3rd, at the Glades Chris- J. F. White, 1,233-White's plurality, tian Church, beginning at eleven 107. o'clock and continuing throughout the For County Judge, W. R. Shackelday. It was conceded by all present ford, 2,059; H. C. Rice, 1, 148; Shackthat the Convention was one of the elford's plurality-911. very best ever held. The attendance reports from the Sunday schools in plurality-116. the district were very encouraging as schools for the past year was almost Terrell's plurality-368. one hundred. The following program was enjoyed by all:

Morning Session Praise Service, conducted by Prof. more, Md., arrived, Wednesday, for Rigby.

RESULTS OF PRIMARY

In the primary election held in Berea Saturday, Aug. 2nd, the votes cast were as follows: Republican 96; Progressive 26;

For Police Judge: Andrew Isaacs

79; J. J. Brannaman 25. For Justice of Peace: T. J. Hazelvood 33; A. P. Ramsey 60. Representative: John F. White 107

Judge: W. R. Shackelford 901 ma-

County Attorney: R. H. Crooke 116 for his home at Datha, Ky. majority.

County Clerk: R. B. Terrill 368 ma-Assessor: Whitlock 570 majority. County Superintendent: Brock 77

Sheriff: Van Benton 55 majority Jailor: Taylor 199 majority.

COUNTY VOTE

The result in Madison County is as follows: (Unoffical).

For Representative, Green Clay re-

For County Attorney, R. F. Crooke, was large, the house being well filled 1,163; S. A. D. Jones, 363; O. P. Jackduring every talk that was made. The son 1,047; T. H. Collins, 652; Crooke's

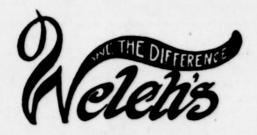
County Clerk, L. B. House, 1,150; J. the increase in attendance in the B. Walker, 489; R. B. Terrell, 1,518;

For Sheriff, E. Deatherage, 793; N. B. Jones 593; H. H. Colyer, 613; V. B. Benton, 848; J. S. Collins, 452; Benton's plurality-55.

For Jailer, C. Rayburn, 211; G. W.

COOL

Weather at home when you get that Oil or **Gasoline Stove at**



Devotional Service-Rev. W. C. Do- Dearenger, 324; A. J. Willoughby

Music-Mrs. Myra S. Morton. Address of Welcome-Mrs. J. W.

Parent's Responsibility for

Influence of The Life of the Sunday School Teacher-Rev. W. C. Dolive. Reading-"The Changed Cross"-Mrs. J.W. Herndon.

LUNCH Afternoon Session

Praise Service-Conducted by Prof. Rigby. Christ in the Bible School-Mrs. B.

H. Roberts. Teachers Training Class-Prof. D.

W. Morton. Mission Work in the School-'Pushing a Pound"-Mrs. E. Van-

The Commercial Value of the Boy R. L. Potts. How to Approach Indifferent Sun-

day School Workers-Prof. E. C. ative unconsciousness. Music-

The Graded School-H. C. Woolf. Business Session-15 minutes. Secretary's Report and Election of

required studies may have a better At the close of the program new officers were elected. J. W. Herndon, President; H. C. Woolf, Secretary; James Hockaday, Treasurer. Every one decided to try to attend the Coun-A full blooded Jersey bull at Tarl- ty Sunday School Convention which was continued for years in the of-

ton Combs'. Service \$1.00 in advance. o'clock Sunday, Aug 17th.

SEE CLARKSTON FOR **Deering Mowing Machines** and Rakes

MAIN STREET, near Bonk

152; M. Taylor, 1, 319; R. A. Barlow, 89; Joe Wagers, 1,120; Taylor's pluralty-199.

For Assessor, A. Jenkins, 209; P. The S. Whitlock. 1,640; W. F. Jarman, Sunday School-Rev. Howard Hud- 247; G. Noland, 1,070; Whitlock's plurality-570.

Superintendent, H. H. Brock, 1,254:

W. T. Brock, 617; B. F. Edwards. 1,177; Brock's plurality-77.

Democrats were nominated for Magistrates as follows: No. 1, J. C. Chenault; No. 2, Wearen Kennedy; No. 3, Dr. W. Williams; No. 4, Jacob Hackett; No. 5, Chas. D. Jones; No. 6, no candidate; No. 7, Joseph Long;

MR. JOHN HALL

No. 8, John A. Long.

Mr. John Hall passed away quietly at the home of Prof. Edwards the morning of the fifth. He never recovered from the paralytic shock of a week ago but lingered in compar-

Mr. Hall came to Berea a few years ago to make his home with Mrs. Edwards, his daughter. He was broken both physically and mentally. Bereans never knew him in the vigor of man-

At his home town, Croton, O., he was an influential member and officer of the M. E. church for over forty years and was widely respected for his honesty and kindness to all. He meets at Whites Chapel at eleven fice of Township Treasurer regardless of which party was dominant because of his reputation for ability and probity. For twenty-five years he was also a member of the School Board of his home town.

The body was taken to Croton, O. for interment.

FOR BETTER STOCK

A fine Jersey bull is now at Welch's on Walnut Meadow Farm. Service \$1.00 in advance.

COLLEGE ITEMS

Prof. Lewis is conducting the Teachers' Institute in Casey County this week.

For Mayor of Berea: J. L. Gay 78; sant, Texas. He will not teach next 7:15 sharp. year but will enter school as a regular student in the College Department.

changed his plans and took the train,

Mr. Clarence Miller who has been engaged in Y. M. C. A. work at Mc-Veigh, Ky., for some time was visit-

ing friends in town this week.

Prof. T. A. Edwards and sons J. Edwards and P. Edwards of Berea were among a considerable party entertained Thursday afternoon by the Postum Cereal Company in a tour of inspection through its factories at Battle Creek, Mich. Prof. Edwards returned to Berea this week.

Mr. Benjamin F. Hollander, an Academy student of three years ago, writes from Pittsburg, Pa., that he will be in Berea for the Fall term.

Ezekiel Whitaker left last week for his home in Alabama.

Wm. Jesse Baird is enjoying a visit in Ohio and at Niagara.

Miss Henrietta Beecher is spending the summer in Chicago.

Miss Lillian Newcomer leaves, Thursday, for the West. She will visit at her old home in Hope, Kan., for some time before going to Fairfax, South Dakota, where she will teach for the coming year.

two weeks visit with freinds in Cin- Write us today. Enclose stamp for cinnati and other parts of Ohio.

Miss Della Holliday is making an Mich. extended visit with relatives in Jack-

Miss Carrie Spangler who has been attending Summer School left Saturday for her home in Pikeville, Ky. Miss Delphine Dunker accompanied her and will visit with her until the beginning of the Fall term.

expects to return to Berea in Septem- Apples......25 to 50 cents per bu. ber to continue her College course.

Mr. Dorral Flint now engaged in electrical work in Dayton, O., writes that he expects to be back in Berea in September.

Simmie Marcum, of Irvine. Mr. Mar- formation write to T. J. Lake, Berea, cum was in the Academy Department Ky. last year. Miss Virgie Dobbs of Meridian,

Prof. J. W. Dinsmore is visiting with old friends and looking after his for City Attorney and D. M. Chenault business interests in Berea.

HOSPITAL CLOSES

The physicians and nurses of Berea aided by the abundance of pure air Deatherage and T. S. Todd were electand fresh water so abundant in town, ed with 338 and 346 votes respectivehave brought about such healthful conditions in the community that the College Hospital closes this week not to be opened again till school begins. Dr. R. H. Cowley, the College physician is away on a short vacation and the nurses, who have done such splendid work for the past year are anxious for a rest. They will all be on hand the first of September and the hospital will be ready to provide for all who need care and treatment.

BEREA NIGHT

At the Parish House

A most interesting program is promised by the young men for Fri-Mr. John Bronson left, Tuesday, for day night. Laughter will abound. a visit with home folks at Mt. Plea- Come and have a happy evening at

COLORED NEWS

Mr. W. B. Davison, who had plan- Mrs. Bettie Yates has returned ned a trip thru some of the mountain home from a short visit with her counties for the next few weeks brother, George Blythe of Lexington. Mrs. Bettie McBain and her sister, Tuesday, for his home in Norfolk, Va. Annie Walker from Indianapolis, Ind., Mr. Carter Robinson left immediate- are visiting relatives in Berea this ly after the close of Summer School month.

There were quite a number of people of this place attended the Sunday School convention that was held at Peytontown last week.

Mrs. Annie Dewitt of Madisonville, Ohio, came here Sunday for a two weeks visit with her mother, Mrs. Bettie Yates

Mrs. Jennie Farris was in town, Monday, on business.

Mr. Harrison Kennedy left Monday for Winchester where he will be at work for a few weeks.

COMING EVENTS

Jones Brothers' Show, Ang. 9. Meeting of Town Council-Aug. 12 Bluegrass Fair, Aug. II-17. Election on Graded School - Aug. 19 London Fair, Aug. 26-30. County Court, Sept. I. Opening of Fall Term-Sept 10

FOR SALE

1913 Model, Metor Cycles and Motor Boats at bargain prices, all makes, brand new machines, on easy monthly payment plan. Get our proposition before buying or you will regret it, Miss Viola Click left, Monday, for a also bargains in used Motor Cycles. reply. Address Lock Box 11, Trenton,

BEREA MARKETS

Beans............10 cents per gal. Butter......15 to 16 cents pound Berries....12 to 12 1-2 cents per gal. Eggs......10 cents per doz. Chickens, fryers, 12 to 13 cents per lb. Roosters.....4 cents per lb. Miss Alice Donegan, graduate of Hams..... 8 cents per lb. home in Kansas City, Mo., that she Tomatoes 2 cents per lb.

FOR SALE

One hundred and five acres of land on the waters of Red Lick, Madison Miss Mary Johnson of Chicago, Ill., County, one mile east of Big Hill and of the 1913 Junior class, will be un. Kingston pike and known as the J. able to return to Berea until October. W. Barclay farm. Two good orchards, Friends will be saddened to hear of 8 room house, good barn and plenty the death from typhoid fever of Mr. of running spring water. For in-(ad.)

RICHMOND VOTE

Miss., who has been attending Sum- In the city races Sam Rice received mer School at Knoxville is visiting 80 votes for Judge, J. D. Dykes 421 Prof. and Mrs. Montgomery for a few and W. L. Leeds 65; Dykes' plurality

Murray Smith received 284 votes

389; Chenault's majority-105. Chief of Police, Jesse Dykes, 240,

David Powers, 484; Powers' majority -244.For Councilmen, No. 1, S. A.

ly; C. A. Taylor received 317 votes. In No. 2, Robert Golden got 265 votes and T. T. Covington 364 and

were elected. George Myers' vote In No. 3, W. T. Vaughn got 375 votes and Emil Lorisch 352 and were elected. E. H. Bybee got 290 votes.

New South Wales. More than half of all the dwellings in New South Wales are built of

We'll Get You Yet!

VENTUALLY we are going to get YOU for a permanent customer - sooner or later, you are going to come to a thorough and final realization that this is

The Store to put Your Faith in!

We are going to get you, NOT through advertisements, NOT through cut prices, NOT through anything on earth but QUALITY and VALUES. You can't miss such values as ours forever. Our store is full of good clothing, shoes and furnishing goods of all kinds. Call and see them.

HAYES & GOTT

"The Quality Store"

BEREA,

KENTUCKY

The Citizen Knife

The Citizen is sharp, and it has a good bargain for its subscribers who like a sharp knife. Any subscriber to THE CITIZEN who pays his dollar for first payment or renewal can have a dollar knife extra by paying 25 cents extra. Razor steel, white or black rough horn handle-Looks like this.



50 MILES OF PIKE FOR THE GLADE DISTRICT

the fall and upon leaving said to his reply. friends, "Goodbye, the roads are so A special sale of pictures at a low be available each year for every mile routine of study and yet of value. of road in the district. The fact is, A paper was taken from which a that out of the \$5,200 paid by the weekly summary of current events taxpayers of the district about \$2,000 was given by the children. else gets a sixty-dollar check.

beginning to realize the condition of his neighborhood by gathering from affairs and are joining in an effort his friends in the nearest town good A Splendid Little Book by Prof Lewis to arouse interest and secure enough illustrated magazines, which many funds to put every road in good shape would be glad to give away after in the beginning and to convert each reading, and letting the children take one into a first class pike in the end. them home. Good farm journals The movement has been on for sever- would be especially valuable. The al days but nothing definite was done town minister would be glad to antill Tuesday night when a number of nounce to his congregation this opthe leading citizens met in Berea at portunity for service. the Bank and Trust building and organized a Good Roads Association. E. mentioned, a dealer in musical instru-C. Seale was elected President; J. L. ments offered a plain but good organ of the great and fundamental prin- and give him their votes in this pri-Gay, Vice-president; John F Dcan, at a special price of thirty-four dol-Secretary and Treasurer and a com- lars. mittee was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws for governing of a pupil. The girls made cakes the actions of the Association. An and the boys went to the woods for executive committee, consisting of two decorations. It was well advertised men from each voting precinct in the and was named after some welldistrict, is to be elected at the next known gold fields. This aroused meeting of the Association.

and means business. The meeting box of sand for buried treasure. be misled or fail to understand. It is will be announced at an early date Each guest was allowed to dig with an introduction to nature study for to take the time to cast that voteand every man that pays tax, owns a a toy spade until he found the treas- young people and should find a place Richmond Pantagraph. horse or travels on foot should be ure in his claim which was staked in every public school where the chilpresent to help elect eight of the best off and marked with cord. These dren have access to the hills, fields and help push things after the election.

PUBLIC SALE OF LAND

day, Aug. 21, 1913, at 11 o'clock a. m., our farm, containing about 108 bought. acres of highly improved land, situated on the pike at Speedwell, Ky. There is on this farm a splendid 7 room residence, with porches; 2 barns, one of which is new; carriage house, all necessary outbuildings, good cistern, 4 permanent ponds, and a thrifty, bearing orchard.

This is one of the most desirable nomes in the county, the land being fertile, capable of producing the most valuable crops raised, such as corn, in a few hundred yards of postoffice, one mile of a railroad station. Perfect title. Possession given January 1. 1914.

on day of sale.

RENTING

At the same, time, we will rent for the year, 1914, another farm, lying on the opposite side of the road, containing 330 acres. For further particulars, call on our attorney, C. C. Wallace, at Richmond, Ky.

Belle D. Harris. Giles Harris,

True Charity.

Every good act is charity. Giving water to the thirsty is charity. Removing stones and thorns from the road is charity. Exhorting your fellow men to virtuous decas is charity. Smiling in your brother's race is charity. Putting a wanderer in the right path is charity. A many crue wealth is the good he does in this world. When he dies mortals will ask what property has he left behind him, but angels will inquire. "What good deeds hast thou sent before thee?"-Moham-

SCHOOL ENTHUSIASM

Continued from page of

where they had learned so many The man who came into Berea in things. "Oh, in school," was the

bad I don't expect I can get up here price provided some with frames and to see you any more till next spring" some with mats not needing frames, said something worth thinking about. but easily protected by a glass placed There are over 50 miles of road in over them, the edge bound with a e Glade Magisterial District and strip of paper of suitable color glued there is no reason why this 50 miles on. These pictures were chosen not of road should not be better in the only for pretty coloring and design, winter season than it is today. There but to illustrate the work of some is over \$2,000,000 worth of property well known artist, a scene in a forin this district which yields over eign country or a story that was \$5,200 for road purposes. If this worth while. When a scholar looked amount were spent for road improve- up from work for a minute's rest, it ment it would mean that \$100 would suggested something aside from the

is all that is ever returned for road The Citizen would be excellent for improvement. Forty dollars spent this purpose and its short nature Creek idea that nature cures people. clog the body. on a mile of road where \$100 should stories, farm notes and illustrated be spent means that the people get a sketches of noted people would be forty dollar road and that some one fine for supplementary reading and essay material.

Business men of the district are The teacher may also be a help to

To return to the teacher before

A social was planned at the home curiosity. The special feature was limbs and trees, and they tell all this The Association has a worthy aim the digging in a large tree embowered in such a way that the child cannot he is worthy of your vote and that men to be found as committeemen and "treasures" came from a bazaar store. This made considerable fun.

The social brought in twenty-two dollars. A kind friend, interested in the school made a gift of five dol- tions together with additional chap-We will offer for sale publicly to lars and another whose daughter was ters which will deal with more adthe highest and best bidder on Thurs- a pupil did the same. The teacher vanced work. put in two dollars and the organ was

Then the enthusiasm reminded to fill a long felt need for something one of a veterans' re-union. In the that will not only interest our young from a visit to relatives in Missouri. morning, at recess, at noon that or- people but will instruct them at the gan was pealing out "Dixie," "Old Folks at Home," "My Old Kentucky great aims will be accomplished. Home" and many another good old song with a chorus of boys and girls voices.

These things tended to draw the school together and made better feeling and order. The expense in money was small; the work and planning wheat, oats and tobacco, and is with- pleasant. It interested the parents and made a place in the community church and public school, and within for the teacher, so that, when some years later he resigned the position, he was gratified to receive a most cordial letter of recommendation At the same time and place we will from the secretary of the school sell in the same manner about 75 bar- board and to hear the kind words of rels of corn, one good milk cow, two the superintendent, "We are glad to good work horses, good farm wagon, have had you with us; your influence a saddle, some harness and a lot of has been good." Best of all possifarm tools. TERMS: One-third cash, bly was the greeting on the street of balance on liberal terms, made known a small group of boys of a lower grade, "Oh, Mr. - what made you resign? We thought we were going to be in your grade."

So the teacher with a little thought and planning, at a small expense in money, can create that enthusiasm and good feeling in the school which make better work, better order and better boys and girls. It also gives him an influence outside and causes the pleasant feeling when he leaves that he has done a good and useful work and that he will be missed.

The Beginning of Football,

The first reference to what may possibly be the game of football is to be found in a proclamation of Edward II., 1314, when the people were forbidden "to hustle over large balls." The present name was first used in a statute of Edward III., 1347, when "football" -London Reader.



Battle Creek Again

SCIENCE PROVES THAT WORK IS A GOOD THING

and skin and bones people grow nineties! grow sweet-tempered!

God intended people to work. And The Battle Creek cures are helped the average farmer gets air and ex- by all science in investigating each

THE WATERBOYS

A copy of a book entitled, "The

Prof. Chas. D. Lewis of Berea has Republican candidate for Representa-

written for the purpose of drawing because his name is on the Republican

the attention of the young people to ballot without opposition. Judge Holi-

the great work of nature going on day is an able man, upright citizen, a

about them to arouse in them a keen high-toned gentleman and from every

ciples of science are approached in mary in order to encourage him in

such a way as to delight the energetic the race that is to come. Such men

youth and cause him to enjoy reading as Judge Holliday are needed in the

various organism of plant life are sale appropriations that are bank-

named and made to romp and play rupting the State. Such men are need-

like children. They talk and tell how ed for many other reasons that will

in their play they build leaves, twigs, be stated further along in the cam-

boys" is to follow later which will lace Gilbert and little son have been

tended the fair.

Waterboys and other Stories" by

just come to our desk. The book is

interest and research into the com-

mon everyday things of life. Some

the book as well as his play. The

A second edition of "The Water-

on this splendid work, which bids fair | Pal Cornelison.

work! They do it for their health. only eat right then air and exercise kind of food. And it succeeds. Fat folks grow slim, would make them all live up into the

JUDGE HOLLIDAY NEEDED IN

LEGISLATURE

In this issue is the appeal to the

voters by Judge Holliday of Berea,

tive. We say Republican candidate

standpoint would make a worthy Rep-

resentative. Let Republicans turn out

General Assembly to stop the whole-

paign. For the present let it suffice that

you owe it to your party and to him

HICKORY PLAINS ITEMS

Hickory Plain, Aug. 4 .- Mrs. Wal-

Mr. and Mrs. June Armstrong at-

The picture shows the outdoor ercise while attending to his daily case to find what is really the matmorning exercise at Battle Creek. See tasks. It is the city man, who sits ter, and the finest surgery when that the old men and old women hard at behind a desk all day, who gets sick is needed, but the great things are work! They pay for being made to for lack of exercise. If farmers would air, water, exercise, and the right

We farmers have the air and could have the water. We have the chance plump. And what is better, cross peo- As Dr. Paulson explains, exercise to exercise while making a living. ple grow cheerful and ugly people rouses the forces of nature in the Our great misery comes from the body, and brings perspiration which wrong kind of food-too many hot This is a part of the great Battle carries off the poisons that too often biscuits, too much meat, pickles, and pepper, and all swallowed without chewing.

God intended people to be well!

Hamilton for employment. Mr. John McKeehan has purchased a well drill. Mr. Frank Burdette is having

Mr. Jeff Hazlewood has gone to

cistern dug. Miss Bettie Lewis of Berea has

een visiting Miss Addie Hill. Mr. Harbor Smith visited Luther

Maupin during fair week. Mr. Lee Maupin of Waco was the guest last week of Mr. Bud Bush and

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burdette were the guests of Mrs. Mary Burdette, Thursday night.

Mrs. Lucinda Slusher and sons, expect to leave in a few days for their home in Oklahoma

SILVER CREEK ITEMS

Silver Creek, Aug. 4 .- Rev. Ambrose preached at Silver Creek, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Flossie Hosetter from Ohio is visiting her uncle and aunt, Mr. and nual poll tax of \$1.00 per capita on Mrs. W. A. Johnson, for a few weeks. each white male inhabitant over

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Davis. Mrs. C. T. Todd and Mrs. Mary

contain a larger number of illustra- spending fair week with her parents. Kindred spent Monday in Berea. Johnson were quietly married last Mr. John Anderson and wife spent Thursday at the home of Rev. Mc-The author is to be congratulated Thursday night with Mr. and Mrs. Murray. The wedding was a great surprise to many.

Mrs. J. W. Herndon has returned Mr. and Mrs. Sam Kelley and Browna Kelley spent Sunday with Mr. May Ponder, wife and children their aunt, Mrs. Jake Haley.

Miss Mamie Richardson from Hamilton, O., is visiting her mother for a few days.

Mrs. Jim Gabbard is very ill at this

HEALTH HINT FOR TODAY. Instinct In Eating. Appetite should be the guide to

what to eat. Serious injury results from interfering with the normal exercise of the appetites in many respects. We should follow nature. We should allow the instinctive desire for food free exercise within the scope which reason teaches us to be beneficial. While harm may be done by the suggestion that we must be careful to avoid injury from wrong eating, much good can result from knowing that we can select food wisely and influence good nutrition by the exercise of reason-as, for instance, in mastication. One can decide to chew three times as much as he has been in the habit of doing, and knowing that this will improve nutrition is a source of good suggestion, though the practice should be reduced to a habit requiring no special effort. If we admit that reason should not control in the selection of food we must admit that it should not control in the selection of thought; that we should think what we like, good or bad. Sanity and success lie in the

Severe. Tom-I don't know whether she sings or not. Jack-She doesn't. I've heard her.-Puck.

proper balance of the objective

and the subjective, reason and

instinct.

MADISON COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT

In Re Petition of J. S. Gott, and others, to fix boundary of proposed graded common school district in the Glade Magesterial District.

This matter being on the docket of the court this day and it appearing the order heretofore entered was not carried out owing to oversight in certifying same to the sheriff: and it appearing that more than ten legal voters, who are taxpayers in the proposed graded common school district have petitioned the court to fix the boundary of said district and to order an election to establish a graded common school, and it further appearing that said petition is approved by the trustee of the common school whose district is embraced in said proposed district, and the county school superintendent and the county board of education, and it further appearing that no part of the proposed graded school district will be more than two and one half miles from the schoolhouse, the court being advised, it is considered and adjudged and hereby ordered that the following boundaries shall be spread upon the order book of this court as the boundaries of the proposed graded common school district:

Beginning at the Cemetery sexton house, including same; thence a straight line to the residence of C. I. Ogg, including it; thence a straight line to the Squire Wilson house, now owned by Berea College, including it; thence South with the railroad to Alex Moore's southeast corner: thence with his south line westward to the residence of J. K. Baker on his farm and including it; thence a straight line from his house to the residence of Leon Lewis, including it; thence a straight line to the lot of Andrew Isaacs on Chestnut Street, including it; thence a straight line to D. H. Smith's residence, including his farm; thence a straight line to the residence of E. C. Wynn, including his farm; thence a straight line to the Scaffold Cane Pike at Bushy Fork Creek, thence with the creek to the bridge at Big Hill Pike; thence a straight line to the house of Tarlton Combs, including his farm; thence a straight line to the beginning.

And it is further ordered that the Sheriff of Madison County, Kentucky, do hold on the 19th day of August 1913, at the school house in Berea, Madison County, Kentucky, between the hours of 6 a. m. and 4 p. m. an election for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal white voters within the above described boundaries constituting the proposed graded common school district, upon the proposition whether or not they are for or against an annual graded common school tax in the sum of thirty-five cents on each one hundred dollars of the property assessed within the above described boundaries belonging to said white voters or corporations; and in addition thereto an an-Miss Bettie Johnson and Miss Sis twenty-one years of age residing in said proposed graded comm district; all for the purpose of maintaining a graded common school within the described proposed graded com-Mr. Sam Kelley and Miss Maggie mon school district and for erecting or repairing suitable building for said purpose upon the present site of the public school in Berea, Ky., and for any and all other necessary incidental expense to carrying on and conducting of a first class graded common school at Berea, Madison County, Kentucky.

It is further ordered that said election is to be held for the purpose of electing five trustees for the proposed graded common school district, said trustees when elected to be divided into three classes in accordance with Kentucky Statutes sections 4471 and

The sheriff shall have this ordered published in the Berea Citizen for at least twenty days before the election and will advertise same by printed or written hand bills posted in five conspicuous places in the said proposed graded common school district for the same length of time; said advertising and notices herein ordered shall be inserted within ten days after he receives this order. State of Kentucky

County of Madison.

To the Sheriff of Madison County, I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of an order entered upon the order book of Madison County Court at its July term,

Witness my signature this July 8th, 1913. R. B. TERRILL,

County Clerk.

In obedience to the foregoing order an election will be held on the 19th day of August 1913 at the Common School Building in Berea, Ky., between the hours of 6 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on that day and E. C. Cornelison is appointed Judge and W. O. Hayes is appointed Clerk and they will certify the result of said election to County Court of Madison County within three days after the

D. A. McCORD, Sheriff Madison County, Kentucky.

election.

same time, and so with one effort two were the guests of Mrs. Maupin dur-

World Toured Shows

Presenting The BEST TRAINED Ponies, Elephants, Monkeys, Dogs.

KINDS OF FUNNY CLOWNS

Tall, Lean and Fat Clowns. Clown Elephants, Clown Monkeys, Clown Goats, Clown Dogs, Clown Mules, Clown Ponies and Clown Pigs.

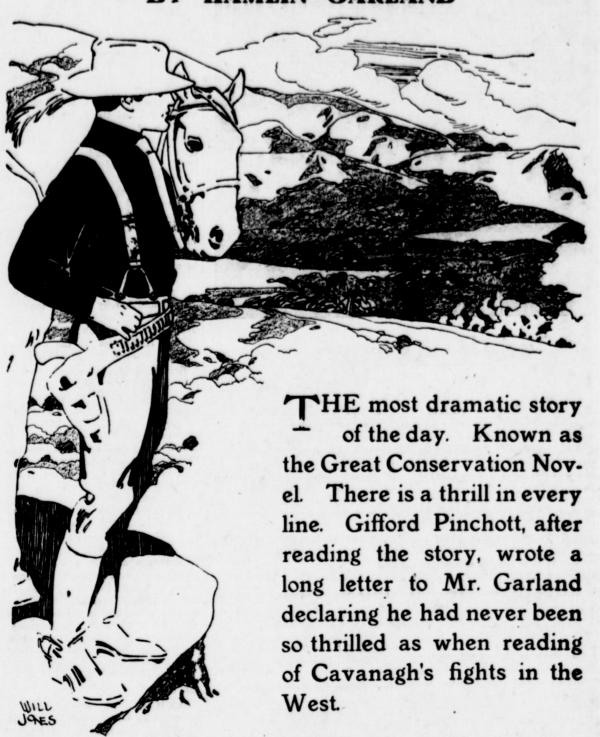
WILL EXHIBIT AT

Aug. 9, 1913 SATURDAY

in London streets was declared illegal. BIG FREE EXHIBITION ON SHOW GROUNDS AT 2:00 AND 7:00 P.M.

Cavanagh: Forest Ranger

BY HAMLIN GARLAND



We Have Never Given Our Readers a Better Story

"Very well," returned Redfield, "carry it to the president if you wish. I simply repeat that your sheep must correspond to your permit, and if you don't send up and remove the extra number I will do it myself. I don't make the rules of the department. My job is to carry them out."

By this time every person in the room was tense with interest. They all knew Gregg and his imperious methods. Some of the cattlemen in the room had suffered from his greed, and, while they were not partisans of the supervisor, they were glad to see him face his opponent fearlessly.

Lize delivered a parting blow: "Bullon the losing side. We belong to the good old days' when the Fork was a man's town' and to be 'shot up' once a week kept us in news. But them times are past. You can't run the range that way any more. Why, man, you'll have to buy and fence your own pasture in a few years more or else pay rent same as I do. You stockmen kick like steers over paying a few old cents a head for five months' range: you'll be mighty glad to pay a dollar one of these days. Take your medicine -that's my advice." And she went back to her cash drawer.

Redfield's voice was cuttingly contemptuous as he said quite calmly: You're all kinds of asses, you sheepmen. You ought to pay the fee for your cattle with secret joy. So long as you can get your stock pastured (and in effect guarded) by the government from June to November for 20 cents or even 50 cents per head you're in luck. Mrs. Wetherford is right. We've all been educated in a bad school. Uncle Sam has been too lazy to keep any supervision over his public lands. He's permitted us grass pirates to fight and lynch and burn one another on the high range (to which neither of us had any right), holding back the real user of the land-the

Gregg was silenced, but not convinced. "It's a long lane that has no turn," he burst out. "You think you're the whole United States army! Who gives you all the authority?"

'Congress and the president."

"There's nothing in that bill to warrant these petty tyrannies of yours." "What you call tryannies I call defending the public domain," replied Redfield. "If I had my way I'd give my rangers the power of the Canadian mounted police. Is there any other state in this nation where the roping of sheep herders and the wholesale butchery of sheep would be permitted? From the very first the public lands of this state have been a refuge for the criminal, a lawless no man's land, but now, thanks to Roosevelt and the chief forester, we at least have a force of men on the spot to see that some semblance of law and order is maintained. You fellows may protest and run to Washington, and you may send your paid representatives there, but you're sure to lose. As free range monopolists you are cumberers of the earth,

and all you represent must pass before this state can be anything but the by-

word it now is." The whole dining room was still as he finished, and Lee Virginia, with a girl's vague comprehension of the man's world, apprehended in Redfield's speech a large and daring purpose.

Gregg sneered. "Perhaps you intend to run for congress on that line of

Redfield's voice was placid. "At any rate, I intend to represent the policy that will change this state from the sparsely settled battleground of a lot of mounted hoboes to a state with an honorable place among the other comnwealths. If this be treason ma the most of it."

Cavanagh was disturbed, for, while he felt the truth of his chief's words, he was in doubt as to the policy of uttering them. He rose. "I must be go-

ing," he said, with a smile. Again the pang of loss touched her heart. "When will you come again?" she asked in a low voice.

"It is hard to say. A ranger's place is in the forest. I am very seldom in town. Just now the danger of fires is great, and I am very uneasy. I may not be down again for a month."

The table was empty now, and they were standing in comparative isolation, looking into each other's eyes in silence. At last she murmured: 'You've helped me. I'm going to stay a little while anyway and do what I

"I'm sorry I can't be of actual servtce, but I am a soldier with a work to do. Even if I were here I could not help you as regards the townspeople. They all hate me quite cordially, but Redfield, and especially Mrs. Redfield. can be of greater aid and comfort. He's quite often here, and when you are lonely and discouraged let him take you up to Elk Lodge."

He extended his hand, and as she took it he thrilled to the soft strength of it. "Till next time," he said, "good luck."

CHAPTER V.

VIRGINIA TAKES ANOTHER MOTOR RIDE. EE VIRGINIA'S efforts to refine the little hotel produced an amazing change in Eliza Wetherford's affairs. The dining room swarmed with those seeking food, and as the news of the girl's beauty went out upon the range the cowboys sought excuse to ride in and get a square meal and a glimpse of the 'queen" whose hand had witched "the old shack" into a marvel of cleanliness. Generally they failed of so much as a glance at her, for she kept away from the dining room at mealtime.

Lee Virginia was fully aware of this male curiosity and vaguely conscious of the light which shone in the eyes of some of them (men like Gregg). She had begun to understand, too, that her mother's reputation was a barrier between the better class of folk and herself. But as they came now and again to take a meal they permitted themselves a word in her praise, which she resented. "I don't want their friendship now," she declared bitterly.

As she gained courage to look about her she began to be interested in some of her boarders.

So far as the younger men were concerned, she saw little to admire and much to hate. They were crude and uninteresting rowdies for the most part. She was put upon her defense by their glances, and she came to dread walking along the street, so open and coarse were their words of praise.

Few of these loafers h to stand on their feet and court her favor, but there was one who speedily became her chief persecutor. This was Neill Ballard, celebrated (and made impudent) by two years' travel with a wild west show. He was tall, lean, angular and freckled, but his horsemanship was marvelous and his skill with the rope magical.

He had lost his engagement by reason of a drunken brawl, and he was now living with his sister, the wife of a small rancher near by. Virginia despised the other men, but she feared this one, and quite justly.

The Greggs, father and son, were in open rivalry for Lee also, but in different ways. The older man, who had already been married several times, was disposed to buy her hand in what he called "honorable wedlock," but the son, at heart a libertine, approached her as one who despised the west and who, being kept in the beastly country by duty to a parent, was ready to amuse himself at any one's expense. He had no purpose in life but to feed his body and escape toil.

The chivalry of the plains, of which Lee had read so much and which she supposed she remembered, was gone. She doubted if it had ever existed among these centaurs. Why should it inhere in ignorant, brutal plainsmen any more than in ignorant, brutal fac-

There came to her now and again gentle old ranchers-"grangers," they would be called-and shy boys from the farms, but for the most part the men she saw imbittered her, and she kept out of their sight as much as possible. Her keenest pleasures, almost her only pleasures, lay in the occasional brief visits of Cavanagh as he rode in for his mail.

Lize perceived all these attacks on her daughter and was infuriated by them. Her brows were knotted with care as well as with pain, and she incessantly urged Virginia to go back to Sulphur. "I'll send you money to pay your board till you strike a job." to this the girl would not agree, and the business by reason of her presence

went on increasing from day to day. To Redfield Lize one day confessed her pain. "I ought to send for that doctor up there, but the plain truth is I'm afraid of him. I don't want to

know what's the matter of me. It's he had said to Mrs. Redfield, "The girl his job to tell me I'm sick, and I'm

"Nonsense!" he replied. "You can't afford to put off getting him much longer. I'm going back tonight, but I'll be over again tomorrow. Why don't you let me bring him down? It will save you \$12. And, by the way, suppose you let me take Lee Virginia home with me. She looks a bit de-pressed. An outing will do her good. She's taken hold here wonderfully."

"Hasn't she? But I should have sent her away the very first night. I'm getting to depend on her. I'm plumb foolish about her now-can't let ber out of my sight, and yet I'm off my feed worrying over her. Gregg is get-ting dangerous. You can't fool me when it comes to men. Curse 'em! They're all alike, every one of them. I won't have my girl mistreated, I tell you that. I'm not fit to be her mother. Now, that's the truth, Reddy, and this rotten little back country cow town is no place for her. But what can I do? She won't leave me so long as I'm sick, and every day ties her closer to me. I don't know what I'd do without her. If I'm going to die I want her by me when I take my drop, so you see just how I'm placed."

She looked yellow and drawn as she ended, and Redfield was moved by her unwonted tenderness.

"Now, let me advise," he began after a moment's pause. "We mustn't let the girl get homesick. I'll take her home with me this afternoon and bring her back along with a doctor to-

"All right, but before you go I want to have a private talk. I want to tell you something."

He warned her away from what promised to be a confession. "Now, now, Eliza, don't tell me anything that requires that tone of voice. I'm a bad person to keep a secret, and you might be sorry for it. I don't want to know anything more about your business than I can guess."

"I don't mean the whisky trade," she explained. "I've cut that all out anyway. It's something more important-it's about Ed and me."

"I don't want to hear that either," he declared. "Let bygones be by-gones. What you did then is outlaw-ed anyway. Those were fierce times, and I want to forget them." He looked about. "Let me see Miss Virginia and convey to her Mrs. Redfield's in-

"She's in the kitchen, I reckon. Go right out."

He was rather glad of a chance to see the young reformer in action and smiled as he came upon her surrounded by waiters and cooks, busily superintending the preparations for the noon meal, which amounted to a tumult each day.

She saw Redfield, nodded and a few moments later came toward him, flushed and beaming with welcome. "I'm glad to see you again, Mr. Super-

He bowed profoundly. "Mrs. Redfield sends by me a formal invitation to you to visit Elk Lodge. She is not quite able to take the long ride, else she'd come to you." Here he banded her a note. "I suggest that you go up with me this afternoon, and tomorrow we'll fetch the doctor down to see your mother. What do you say to

Her eyes were dewy with grateful appreciation of his kindness as she



THE TOUNG REFORMER WAS SURROUNDED answered. "That would be a great

pleasure, Mr. Redfield, if mother feels able to spare me." "I've talked with her. She ismanx-

ious to have you go." Virginia was indeed greatly pleased and pleasantly excited by this message, for she had heard much of Mrs. Redfield's exclusiveness and also of the splendor of her establishment. She hurried away to dress with such a futter of joyous anticipation that Redseld felt quite repaid for the pressure he had put upon his wife to induce her to write that note. "You may leave Lize Wetherford out of the count, my dear," he had said. "There is nothing of her discernible in the girl. Virginia is a lady. I don't know where she got it, but she's a gentle-

oman by nature." It was hot and still in town, but no sooner was the car in motion than both heat and dust were forgotten. Redfield's machine was not large, and, as he was content to go at moderate speed, conversation was possible.

He was of that sunny, optimistic, ever youthful nature which finds delight in human companionship under any conditions whatsoever. He accepted this girl for what she seemed-a fresh, unspoiled child. He saw nothing cheap or commonplace in her and was not disposed to impose any of her father's wild doings upon her calendar. He had his misgivings as to her future. That was the main reason why

must be helped." Afterward he had said "sustained."

It was inevitable that the girl should soon refer to the ranger, and Redfield was as complimentary of him as she could wish. "Ross hasn't a fault but one, and that's a negative one—he doesn't care a hang about getting on, as they say over in England. He's content just to do the duty of the moment. He made a good cowpuncher and a good soldier, but as for promotion-he laughs when I mention it." "He told me that he hoped to be

chief forester," protested Virginia. "Oh, yes, he says that, but do you know he'd rather be where he is, riding over the hills, than live in London. You should see his cabin some It's most wonderful, really. His walls are covered with bookshelves of his own manufacture and chairs of his own design. Where the boy got the skill I don't see. Heaven knows, his sisters are conventional enough! He's capable of being supervisor, but he won't live in town and work in an office. He's like an Indian in his love of the open."

CHAPTER VI.

ALKING about Cavanagh was

IN THE VIOLENT PAST.

quite too absorbingly interesting to both Lee and Redfield to permit of any study of the landscape, which went by as if dismissed by the charlot wheels of some contemptuous magician. Redfield's eyes were mostly on the road (in the manner of the careful auto driver), but when he did look up it was to admire the color and poise of his seat mate, who made the landscape of small ac-

She kept the conversation to the desired point. "Mr. Cavanagh's work interests me very much. It seems very important, and it must be new, for I never heard of a forest ranger when I was a child."

"The forester is new, at least in America," he answered. "My dear young lady, you are returned just in the most momentous period in the history of the west. The old dominion-the cattle range-is passing. The supremacy of the cowboy is ended. The cow boss is raising oats. The cowboy is pitching alfalfa and swearing borribly as he blisters his hands. Some of the rangers at the moment are men of western training, like Ross, but whose allegiance is now to Uncle Sam. With others that transfer of allegiance is not quite complete; hence the insolence of men like Gregg, who think they can bribe or intimidate these forest guards and so obtain favors. The newer men are college bred, real foresters. But you can't know what it all means till you see Ross or some other ranger on his own heath. We'll make up a little party some day and drop down upon him and have him show us about. It's a lonely life, and so the ranger keeps open house. Would you like to go?" "Oh, yes, indeed. I'm eager to get into the mountains. Every night as I see the sun go down over them I won-

Then he began very delicately to inquire about her eastern experience. There was not much to tell. In a lovely old town not far from Philadelphia, where her aunt lived, she had spent ten years of happy exile. "I was horribly lonely and homesick at first," she "Mother wrote only short let- mured the girl. ters, and my father never wrote at all. I didn't know he was dead then. He bad man; was he?"

der what the world is like up there."

"No," responded Redfield without hesitation. "He was very like the rest of us, only a little more reckless and a little more partisan, that's all. He was a dashing borseman and a dead shot, and so naturally a leader of these daredevils. He was popular with both sides of the controversy up to the very moment when he went south to lead the invaders against the rustlers."

"What was it all about? I never understood it. What were they fighting

You see, Uncle Sam in his careless, do nothing way has always left his range to the man who got there first. That was the cattleman. At first there was grass enough for us all, but as we built sheds and corrals about watering places we came to claim rights on the range. We usually secured by fraud homesteads in the sections containing water and so, gun in hand, 'stood off' the man who came after. Gradually, after much shooting and lawing, we parceled out the range and settled down, covering practically the whole state. Our adjustments were not perfect, but our system was working smoothly for us who controlled the range. We had convinced ourselves and pretty nearly everybody else that the state was only fit for cattle grazing and that we were the most competent grazers; furthermore, we were in possession, and no man could come in without our consent.

"However, a very curious law of our own making was our undoing. Of course the 'nester' or 'punkin roller,' as we contemptuously called the small farmer, began sifting in here and there in spite of our guns, but he was only a mosquito bite in comparison with the trouble which our cowpunchers stirred up. Perhaps you remember enough about the business to know that an unbranded yearling calf without its

mother is called a maverick?" "Yes; I remember that. It belongs to the man who finds him and brands

"Precisely. Now, that law worked very nicely so long as the poor cowboy was willing to eatch and brand him for his employer, but it proved a toker' when he woke up and said to

his fellows, 'Why brand these mayericks at \$5 per head for this or that outfit when the law says they belong to the man who finds them?"

Lee Virginia looked up brightly.
"That seems right to me."

"Ah, yes, but wait! We cattlemen had large herds, and the probabilities were that the calf belonged to some one of us, whereas the cowboy, baving no herd at all, knew the maverick belonged to some one's herd. True, the law said it was his, but the law did not mean to reward the freebooter. Yet that is exactly what it did. At first only a few outlaws took advantage of it, but hard years came on, the cattle business became less and less profitable, we were forced to lay off our men, and so at last the range swarmed with idle cowpunchers. Then came the breakdown in our scheme. The cowboys took to 'mavericking' on their own account. Some of them had the grace to go into partnership with some farmer and so claim a small bunch of cows, but others suddenly and miraculously acquired herds of their own. From keeping within the law they passed to violent methods. They slit the tongues of calves for the purpose of separating them from their mothers. Finding he could not suck, bossy would at last wander away from his dam and so become a maverick. In short, anarchy reigned on the range."

"But surely my father had nothing to do with this?"

"No; your father up to this time had been on good terms with everybody. He had a small herd of cattle down the river, which he owned in common with a man named Hart."

"I remember him." "He was well thought of by all the big outfits, and when the situation became intolerable and we got together to weed out 'the rustlers,' as these cattle thieves were called, your father was approached and converted to a belief in drastic measures. He had suffered less than the rest of us because of his small herd and the fact that he was very popular among the cowboys. So far as I was concerned. the use of violent methods revolted me. My training in the east had made me a respecter of the law. 'Change the law,' I said. 'The law is all right,' they replied; 'the trouble is with these rustlers. We'll hang a few of 'em, and that will break up the business."

Parts of this story came back to the girl's mind, producing momentary flashes of perfect recollection. She heard again the voices of excited men arguing over and over the question of 'mavericking," and she saw her father as he rode up to the house that last day before he went south.

Redfield went on. "The whole plan as developed was silly, and I wonder still that Ed Wetherford, who knew the 'nester' and the cowboy so well, should have lent his aid to it. The cattlemen, some from Chevenne, some from Denver and a few from New York and Chicago, agreed to finance a a sort of vigilante corps composed of men from the outside on the understanding that this policing body should be commanded by one of their own number. Your father was chosen second in command and was to guide the party, for he knew almost every one of the rustlers and could ride directly to their doors."

"I wish he hadn't done that," mur-

"I must be frank with you, Virginia. can't excuse that in him. It was a kind of treachery. He must have been warped by his associates. They convinced him by some means that it was his duty, and one fine day the Fork was startled by a messenger who rode in to say that the cattle barons were coming with a hundred Texas bad men to clean out the town' and to put their own men into office. This last was silly rot to me, but the people believed

The girl was tingling now. "I remember! I remember the men who rode into the town to give the alarm. was scared almost breathless."

"I was in Sulphur City and did not hear of it till it was nearly all over," Redfield resumed, his speech showing a little of the excitement which thrilled through the girl's voice. "Well, the first act of vengeance was so ill considered that it practically ended the whole campaign. The invaders fell upon and killed two ranchers, one of whom was probably not a rustler at all, but a peaceable settler, and the other one they most barbarously hanged. More than this, they attacked and vainly tried to kill two settlers whom they met on the road-German farmers, with no connection, so far as known, with the thieves. These men escaped and gave the alarm. In a few hours the whole range was aflame with vengeful fire. The Forks, as you may recall, was like a swarm of bumblebees. Every man and boy was armed and mounted. The storekeepers distributed guns and ammunition, eaders developed, and the embattled punkin rollers, rustlers and townsmen rode out to meet the invaders."

The girl paled with memory of it. "It was terrible. I went all day without eating, and for two nights we were all too excited to sleep. It seemed as if the world were coming to an Mother cried because they wouldn't let her go with them. She didn't know father was leading the other army."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Missed a Lecture. Robins - Joque found a surprise awaiting him when he got home last

Dyer-What was it?

Robins-His wife was sound asleep

A State Wide Invitation INTENSIVE FARMING

Monster Barbecue to Be Given by J. N. Camden at Versailles, Aug. 20, 1913

HIS meeting of farmers and their friends who are interested in the agricultural advancement of Kentucky is to be held that every one in the state may become acquainted and "rub elbows" with his neighbors and friends. It is to be a great farmers' convention, a place where, besides the "getting together," there will be speakers who really have something to say to the men who get their living from the soil.

In the past a barbecue, with its huge joints of smoking juicy meat and its bubbling steaming burgoo, meant political speechmaking and a warming of party spirit. This immense barbecue is a definite effort to give the farmers of the state a chance to meet and get acquainted and to hear some of the strongest speakers in the whole country discuss vital farm questions. These speakers will be brought to the meeting from the north, south, east and west, and, as they are to be limited to thirty minutes each, they will be sure to send their messages home in quick, short sentences. The list of speakers is about com-



WHERE THE BARBECUE WILL BE HELD.

pleted and will be given in full in the next article, which will be published soon. Kentucky is thoroughly aroused educationally, and this meeting is an putgrowth of this great wave of enthusiasm.

When your correspondent visited the Camden farm, just outside of Versailles, a few days ago he was shown the various points of interest that the visitor might wish to inspect. Competent men will be in charge of each farm department so that questions by visitors may be answered quickly.

In visiting the dairy barn, with its carefully selected herd of seventy-five Jerseys, it was pleasing to note that the barn had originally been used for

J. N. CAMDEN.

VERSAILLES, KENTUCKY

TO THE FARMERS OF KENTUCKY.

For a quarter of a century the great problems of manufacturing and of transportation have been handled upon the advice of experts -- men whose accurate and scientific knowledge extends to the minutest points.

In the past few years able men have realized that farming could be put upon the same basis--that instead of being of necessity a haphazard enterprise it is one of the most scientific businesses in the world--that it may be as accurate and as reliable as those processes of nature upon which it depends.

It has been realized also, that the principles of co-operation which have worked out such great things in the industrial world, may be used with equal effectiveness in the realms of agriculture.

To aid in the rapid spread of these ideas and principles seems to me to be a most useful and noble work, and one in which I would gladly have a part in Kentucky.

With this thought, I have decided to give and eld fashioned barbeque at my name in Woodford County, near Versailles, on Wednesday, August 20th. It will be my aim to have matters along the lines I indicated discudeed by some of the great agricultural experts of the country, and it will be my hope that this may give fresh impetus to the work in Kentucky for the farmers which is already so well begun.

Every Farmer, and every farmer's wife, and every one interested in better farming, in the state, who feels an interest in increasing the rewards of agricule ture, and in bettering the conditions of farm life, is most cordially and urgently invited to be my guest en August 20th. This invitation is given in the spirit of good fellowship, and the desire to help, and all who accept it will be most warmly welcomed.

Very sincerely,

bouring tobacco. It was not a show barn at all, but a thoroughly sanitary barn, with the emphasis on the cow end of the enterprise. Out in the woods pasture there were several bunches of fine sleek steers, some of which were destined to help feed the hungry crowd on Aug. 20.

The woods pasture, with its giant oaks, poplars, walnuts and stately elms, is an ideal place to handle the 30,000 people who are expected to be the guests



DESTINED TO HELP FEED THE HUNGRY CROWD.

at the farm on the day of the barbecue. In one end of this pasture there is perfect amphitheater for seating those who wish to hear the speakers and the band concert which is to be provided.

Things are happening in our dear old state-better schools are building, better roads are being laid, Chautauqua meetings for farmers are developing, and now a barbecue to which an invitation is given to each and every person who believes in the welfare and the future of the agriculture of the state is an assured fact. Men of vision are dreaming of a new Kentucky-a twentieth century Kentucky-and all the agencies mentioned are bringing the dream closer each day. Dreams do come true.

Conducted by FRANK S. MONTGOMERY, M. S., Instructor in Animal Husbandry, and Special Investigator.

Crop Rotation vs. "Resting the Land"

August is the best time of year to | sides enriching the ground. kill sprouts and briers. No farmer should rest easy during this month as long as these are growing in clear- \$15 per acre each year. ed fields or along fence rows for about

It costs from \$3 to \$5 an acre to has been turned out to rest, and the each year. it takes at least one half more work By this system of rotation a most to break the ground, get it ready for conservative estimate gives \$159 per planting and cultivating the crop af- per acre in ten years as compared ter the clearing is done, than if the with \$65 per acre by the old system. land had been kept in a good crop This is \$96 in favor of rotation. rotation year after year.

Ground treated in this way will this way.

than pay their way for pasture be- management is exercised.

Three crops of cowpeas following rye plowed under will easily be worth

Two crops of wheat, rye, or oats 3 years of persistent cutting in May following the cowpeas should aver- have lasted as a figure in society, beand August will rid most land of this age at least \$12 per acre, and two cause the most amiable of hostesses clear brush and briers from land that should be worth at least \$15 per acre on her front porch and demanding ad-

By the rotation system you have plowed under 3 crops of cowpea stubperhaps bring 3 crops of corn, a crop ble rich in nitrogen the most expenof oats and 6 years of very poor pas- sive element in fertilizers and 2 secture in a 10 year period. The value of ond crops of clover also rich in nitthe corn crop may average \$15 a rogen, and will leave the land worth year per acre the oat crop may be at least \$25 per acre more at the worth \$8, and the pasture may aver- end of ten years than if it were in age \$2 an acre per year, making the brush. This would buy you \$3 worth land bring an income of \$65 an acre of fertilizer each year except when in 10 years. And everyone will con- in clover and you would still be sider this good for land handled in ahead \$96 per acre at the end of 10 years.

Now suppose a good 4 year rota- Hundreds of farmers that rotate tion is adopted. Three crops of corn and plow under crops, and use 250 in 10 years may conservatively be ex- pounds of fertilizer per year will tell pected to yield an average return you this is a very conservative estiof \$20 per year. Three crops of rye mate. Conservative enough to cover following corn to keep ground from interest on investment, taxes, etc., and washing during winter and to plow leave \$15.90 per acre on land in rounder for green manure will more tation for labor income if good farm

Dr. S. A. Knapp's Ten Commandments of Agriculture

A FEW BARGAINS IN

REAL ESTATE

No. 1. One large, two-story, concrete store house in

No. 2. One brand new six room dwelling (will be finish-

No. 3. We have several nice residences on Jackson street

No. 4. We also have several Blue Grass farms in Mad-

Bicknell & Harris

Berea, Kentucky

at prices form \$1,200 to 5,000.

bought for \$1,600.

best business part of Berea. Cost \$2,500. Make

ed Septembr 1) only one-half square to public

school. All plastered, finished in hardwood, four

grates and cabinet mantels. Also a large base-

ment about 22x24 feet, and two porches. Can be

ison and adjoining counties which we can de-

liver — worth the money. Also several business

propositions in Hardware, Dry Goods, Groceries,

Tell us what you want, and we shall try to please

break in the fall to the depth of 8, 10 yard manure, farm refuse, and comor 12 inches, according to the soil, with implements that will not bring too much of the subsoil to the surface; southern farms. (the foregoing depths should be reached gradually)

2. Use seed of the best variety intelligently selected and carefully stor-

3. In cultivated crops, give the rows ducts and idle lands of the farm. and the plants in the rows a space suited to the plant, the soil and the

4. Use intensive tillage during the growing period of the crops.

NEW MOTOR ROAD CLEANER. Works on Vacuum Plan and Picks Up Stones and Broken Bricks.

The first demonstration in England of the new motor vacuum road cleaning machine, the invention of an Italian engineer, took place at Southport recently.

The machine has from twenty to thirty horsepower and a four cylinder motor engine. The sweeping mechanism consists of a cylindrical brush com posed of a series of small brushes. which revolves in a sheet iron shell in the opposite direction to that of the wheels of the car. The speed at which the brush rotates creates enough draft to collect by suction all the dust and deposit it in a receiver.

The machine picked up wooden blocks and broken bricks, and it is said that It can deal similarly with bottles and stones up to nine pounds in weight.

1. Prepare a deep and thoroughly | 5. Secure a high content of humus pulverized seed bed, well drained; in the soil by the use of legumes, barnmercial fertilizers.

> 6. Carry out a systematic crop rotation with a winter cover crop on 7. Accomplish more work in a day

> by using more horse power and better implements. 8. Increase the farm stock to the

extent of utilizing all the waste pro-9. Produce all the food required for

the men and animals on the farm. 10. Keep an account of each farm

product, in order to know from which the gain or loss arises.

HEALTH HINT FOR TODAY.

Turnips For Diabetes.

Turnips contain little nutriment in proportion to bulk, but are for this reason desirable in many cases where the cereals are not suitable on account of their greater tendency to fermentation. Turnips contain no starch and are therefore suitable in diabetes. They combine well with sweet potatoes, which are more easily digested than the ordinary potato, parsnips and carrots. Such a combination forms a suitable meal for those cases in which sugar fruits and bread and potatoes are undesirable on account of being much heavier and more liable to ferment.

Habit

The Snake

If Turley Mathers had not had an attracti e personality he never would crops of clover and timothy hay fol-lowing the small grain in rotation might be pardoned for disapproving a caller who insisted on skinning snakes miration for their lines and colors.

The year he spent the summer at Wigwam lake is still recalled solemnly as a landmark by the cottagers. All the children were going around dragging snakes after them because Turley had taught them how to catch and hold the creeping things safely, and more mothers went into hysterics that year than had in the century preceding.

The worst of it was that Mathers was a person of scientific attainments and had a perfectly valid excuse for studying snakes. Nobody could say he did it to be unique or troublesome.

If you feebly said that you weren't crazy about snakes Mathers simply drew a long breath, fixed you with a pitying stern glance and lectured to you on your sins. When he had finished you were in such a flabby state that you would have let a snake perch on your forefinger.

Mathers met Clara Baysworth out west when her party and his combined for a camping trip through a noted canyon, and the acquaintance progressed at the rate of ten miles a minute until the fatal moment when the stage coach driver silently pointed with his whip to the side of the sunbaked road. There, lazily stretched out, lay a rattlesnake. Mathers says it was a mere baby snake of a foot and a half or so, but if you had inquired of the others any of them would have told you it was a horrible monster six feet long, with cerise eyes and a foaming mouth.

Before any one realized what he was doing, Mathers, with a gurgle of pleasure, had slipped to the ground, swept the snake into a heap with his straw hat, deftly grabbed ft around its neck with three fingers and held it up to be admired. Persons who do the unusual are instantly pronounced crazy by everybody else, so the convicition instantly settled upon the stageload of travelers that any man who would deliberately pick up a rattler must be insane. Clara Baysworth got her voice first as Mathers, still holding his prize, started to climb back to his seat by her side.

"Go away!" she got out in a strangled voice. "If you come any nearer I'll stick hatpins into you!"

The distracted coachload echoed her cries. Fathers clasped their sons to them and glared at Mathers, women shrunk into corners and fixed him with imploring eyes. Clara frowned at him, pale and desperate.

"Why-" Mathers began soothingly, and put one foot upon the hub of the giving profile, so that grading can be wheel. But a series a shrieks arose

"I—I hate you!" Clara Baysworth as roads designated as county roads told him wildly.

announced firmly, "and I want him for a long step forward in handling the a specimen." Then he shrugged his shoulders. "Oh, well," he said, "I suppose I can strangle the little beg- under competent supervision, says

His fingers tightened their clasp around the scaly neck and presently do not directly encourage a beginning the rattler hung limp. Putting him in the way of hard roads. It would a convenient box and stowing the box seem that this legislature should do in his pocket, Mathers remounted the something in the way of stimulating coach, but the atmosphere was permanent road construction in those strained.

Clara Baysworth. He told her frank- trying to force good roads in comly that he was pained and displeased munities where the people are satisby her foolish prejudice, but even that fied with dirt roads. But the state did not move her. She regarded him can well afford to levy a one-mill tax with alien eyes.

you stop being so perfectly foolish! in communities in which the county And if you ask me again to marry you or municipality and the abutting land while you are carrying that thing owners will bear the greater proporaround with you I-I'll scream!"

the box the next morning to see the son, and this will be all that is necesdead snake and the camp nearly broke sary. A one-mill tax would amount up as the rattler winked one eye and to only \$2 on each quarter-section waved his tail at the horrified med- farm. Surely the owner of 160 acres dler, having survived his choking, as of lowa land ought to be willing to Mathers had known he would. Math- contribute that much toward experiers paled before Clara Baysworth's mental hard roads. It seems so much accusing eye.

"You certainly have nerve," she strenuous objection is made to it. told him, "to ask a girl to endure things like this the rest of her life! I don't care whether it is science or not! You might experiment with guinea pigs or ducks!" "I'll chloroform 'em!" Mathers of-

fered, miserably. "You will not!" Clara told him. "They might have nine lives like a cat and come to life again, and I cannot stand snakes for parlor compan-ions, dead or sleeping! It's between

me and your squirming friends, Tur-

For a long minute Mathers looked at her. Then picking up the rattler he walked to the edge of the cliff and hurled him far out.

"There!" he said simply as he re-turned and spread out his empty

"Do—do you suppose it h-h-hurt him wh-wh-when he landed where you threw him?" Clara wept.

Then for the first time Mathers laughed. "Oh, you consistent wom-en!" he said. "I wouldn't have had so much time to study snakes anyhow, since I've got you to figure out the rest of my days!"

FOR BETTER ROADS IN IOWA

Joint Sub-Committee of Legislature Makes Recommendation Concerning Highway Improvement.

As the result of daily deliberations for some weeks by the committees of the Iowa senate and house, the joint sub-committee made the following recommendations concerning road legislation:

Establishment state highway commission, with ample authority. Commission to consist of three members appointed by governor. Three members to select competent state highway engineer.

County engineers for all counties to be employed by supervisors with approval of highway commission.

Classification of all highways into county and township roads.

From 10 to 15 per cent. of roads in county to be designated as county roads, to be under supervisors and county engineer.

All moneys expended on these roads to be in line of permanent work. No money to be paid except on approval of engineer.

All bridges and culverts, county and township, to be built in accordance with general plans of state highway commission, under direction of county engineer.

All township work to be put by trustees in hands of one man, to be known as superintendent of township roads, who shall make all contracts for dragging and temporary repairs.

Two-mill levy to be placed in compulsory drag fund, to be paid out by superintendent for that purpose only. In case superintendent does work of grading on township roads, the county engineer must go over roads



A "Chats" Road in Jasper County, Mo. "Chats" is a Term for Mill Tailings from the Mining District.

done systematically, and township roads may be put in same condition

If the legislature will put these recommendations into a properly drawn "He's a perfect beauty," Mathers bill and pass it, Iowa will have made road question. Certainly the money spent on the roads will be better spent Wallace's Farmer.

These recommendations, however, sections where public sentiment is For twenty miles he tried to reform ripe for it. No good will come from and spend the money to defray a por-"I'll listen to you," she said, "when tion of the cost of permanent roads tion. Not a great deal of permanent road could be constructed in this way, Somebody who was brave opened but enough to serve as an object lesworth while that we wonder that such

Work at Louisville.

The city of Louisville, Ky., is asking for bids on street work as follows: 6,740 square yards of concrete; 18,000 square yards of wood block paving: 47,000 square yards of asphalt, and 46,000 square yards of vitrified block sidewalks. The whole will cost about \$263,000.

Buy Many Automobiles,

Records show that there are now more than 700 automobiles in Williamson county, Texas, or about one car to every sixty people. Farmers are the principal buyers, on account of the great improvements in the roads.

Transportation Problem.

The farmers' transportation problem begins with the road that leads from his door to his school, his church, his mill, his gin, his postoffice and his market.

Should Be Isolated. If roads around a town are bad, it

might as well be on an island.

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in tell by the writer. The rame is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly

W. R. Reynolds 60; H. Clay Baldwin wanted here.

County Judge: L. C. Little 965; J. D. Spurlock 984.

County Attorney: H. N. Dean 961; C. P. Moore 836.

County Court Clerk: R. M. Ward 1,020; J. H. Hundley 531; E. B. John-

Sheriff: John Farmer 672; W. M. Baker 572; H. J. Powell 317; Tyra Lainhart 191; P. W. Welch 157.

Assessor: John H. Webb 283; J. B. Morris 279; W. P. Smith 233; E. T. Cornett 238; James Bales 216; L. D. Mullins 169; C. C. Isaacs 129; W. F. Johnson 226; Green C. Smith 20; Joseph Brewer 88.

Jailer: Riley Amyx 340; Sam Boggs 298; S. H. Judd 297; I. M. Cornett 275; Alfred Smith 192; J. K. Sparks 190; Nat Harrison 82; W. R. Bicknell 77; W. F. Robinson 57; M.

Supt. of Schools: J. J. Davis 680; Anna Powell 644; H. F. Minter 633. C. S. Durham was nominated for Surveyor without opposition.

The following were nominated for Justice of the Peace:

McKee District: C. E. Smith; Sturgeon District, W. B. Metcalf; Pond Creek District, R. H. Johnston; Horse augh District, J. T. Lainhart; Coyle District, M. H. Smith.

This vote is unofficial and doubtful, as one of the ballot boxes has not been returned at this writing and the news from that District came by phone.

JACKSON COUNTY

was a candidate for County Judge un- graveyard. til he quit the race about a week ago. -James H. Hays has gone to Claryfew weeks, left for Louisville, Sunat Drip Rock for a few days .- Grat | Saturday night. ham Farmer, of Lexington has been visiting relatives here recently .-Jesse Lunsford of Nicholasville is visiting relatives here.-Milas Sparks

ELECTION IN JACKSON COUNTY days .- James Tincher and Emma Baker were married at the home of The total vote for candidates for A. W. Baker last Wednesday evening. Jackson County offices is as follows: __Jailer L. V. Morris has gone to Representative: D. G. Wood 621; Georgia after Pete Begley who is

> Isaacs, Aug. 1-It is one of the dry est times ever witnessed in this viciing to erect a new dwelling house.

HUGH. las .- Martin Abrams of this place Sunday. was defeated in the primary election for magistrate.-Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kindred visited at Bob Viars last Sunday .- Mr. and Mrs. Everett Benge visited the latter's parents from Friday till Sunday .- The citizens of this place were sorry to hear of the death of John Moores a former candidate for County Judge.-G. M. Benge will Lick District, Grant Tincher; Cavan- leave Sunday for Hamilton, O.—The people are thankful at this place for the good rain we had last Friday

MAULDEN Maulden, Aug. 2.-Mr. and Mrs. James Hoskins of Clark County are visiting friends and relatives in Jackson at present .- Mrs. Lucy Ward and daughter, who have been visiting at Maulden, have returned to their home McKee, Aug. 4.—The election pass- at London.—A large crowd attended ed off very quietly here, Saturday .- the speaking at Maulden, July 31st .-John M. Moore was shot in the head Married, July 24th, Mr. Hugh Farmvoting place and died the following Maulden .- The Rev. G. P. Hacker fillday as result of the wound. There ed his regular appointment at Mt. were three or four persons in a fight Gillead last Saturday and Sunday .and during the scuffle Moore was Two of Mr. Bob Farmer's children Warants were issued against are very sick .- Died, July 25th the Earnest Fowler and Ruford Fowler infant of Mr. and Mrs. Bortie Morcharging them with the killing. Moore ris.. It was laid to rest in the Cook

DOUBLELICK

Doublelick, July 24 .- We are havmore, Oklahoma, to accept a position ing some very warm weather at in a bank there.—The old County jail present.—Tie hauling seems to be the is torn down and Mr. Lankford of occupation of the people.-Mat Marthe Pauly Jail Building Co. is here tin of Winchester, Ky., visited his has been visiting reatives here for a Mailcoat, who have been in Hamilton, O. returned to their homes, Monday. - W. H. Clark is having his day. - Goochland school is progresshouse repainted, and is also having a ing nicely with Miss Pollie McColcellar built of the stone wall in the old lum as teacher.-Miss Pollie McColjail.—John Farmer Jr. and wife, of lum spent Sunday with her sister, Winchester last Saturday, where they Jeffersonville, have been visiting his Mrs. Ruthford Calahan .- Mrs. Richparents for a few days .-- Mrs. J. R. ard Early of Wildie visited her Hays and children are visiting J. C. mother, Mrs. Martin, Saturday night. Russell of Laurel County at present. -Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Martin of -Miss Dena Frost has been visiting this place visited Mrs. Letha Tussey's

GARRARD COUNTY PAINT LICK.

Paint Lick, Aug. 3.-We had a has moved into the house adjoining J. good and much needed rain, Friday M. Hignite.-Mrs. Hamilton died at evening.-Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Gabthe home of James Hamilton this bard visited Mr. Eb Brockman's family at Lowell, Saturday and Sun-Jesse Tyra got his foot mashed by day.-Prof. Dinsmore of Kent, O., a large rock falling on it last week .- was in this vicinity last week looking Monroe Bowles, who is taking a course after his farm.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry at Bryant & Stratton Business School Lamb have been enjoying a visit at Louisville is at home for a few from his mother, Mrs. Lamb. and Mr.

Everybody is going to

THE BLUE GRASS FAIR

6 Big Days and Nights Commencing Monday, Aug. 11th

AMERICA'S GREATEST HORSE SHOW

6 Big Saddle Horse Stakes \$20,000 in Premiums Running and Harness Races Daily Splendid Display of Every Class of Live Stock

Liberatis Concert Band and Grand Opera Company High Class Vaudeville-Every Turn a Headliner

FREE ACTS DAILY Everybody from everywhere Hike to the Blue Grass Fair You may see all the rest, but come to Lexington to get the best Macedonia church Sunday, an excel-

Reduced rates on all roads For Catalog or further information address JOHN W. BAIN, Secretary,

and Mrs. Arthur Hoskins of Cleveland, O. They returned home, Saturday .- Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson vis- well, is teaching at Walnut Grove,ited Mr. O. L. Gabbard last Sunday. called from their home at Danville. Illinois on account of the illness of Mrs. Jennings' mother, Mrs. Van-Winkle.-Mrs. Wes VanWinkle is Mahaffey from Villa Grove, Ill., are visiting friends here.

CLAY COUNTY

BURNING SPRINGS Baker and Green Allen have resumed good positions in Paris, Ky. The near each other on the left hand fork former is employed by a darryman of Island Creek, have exchanged and the latter is doing carpentery farms and will move immediately .nity. Crops are suffering and water work .- Judge Rawlings, a candidate Eld. and Mrs. Frank Allen of Teges, for stock is very scarce.-Mrs. An- for re-election, visited friends here Clay County, passed through here, nie Brewer had an apple peeling, last week .- Peter Standafer is home Wednesday evening, on a business Thursday night, which was well at- for a short vacation. He is working trip to Booneville. tended.—Roscoe Taylor and Fred in a railroad shop in Owsley County. Moore of Dayton, Ohio, are visiting __James Clarkston accompanied by the former's parents at this place Mr. John Peters are spending their dry period here is resulting in the and looking for a farm that they can vacations here. Both are employed by drying up of pastures, and there will purchase .- Alex Burns' little boy is the Champion paper mill of Hamilton, be a considerable decrease in the corn very sick .- R. E. Taylor is prepar- Ohio .- J. W. Montgomery and Jesse yield .- The election passed off quietly Hugh, Aug. 4 .- Rev. Parsons fill- Bank which is owned by the Hensley falo .- Virgie, the little daughter of L. ed his regular appointment at this Bros. of Big Creek .- The McDaniel B. Brewer. is ill at this writing .place Saturday and Sunday .- Mrs. Bros. who operate a saw mill here Church services were held here, Sun-Bob Viars has been sick for the past have recently bought a planer and are day, by the Rev. Dunigen of Idamay. few weeks, but is recovering now .- now prepared to do good mill work. -Gentry and Mays passed through Mrs. Nancy Loamon of Cow Bell is -Rev. C. F. Chestnut filled his ap- Sturgeon on their way to Beattyville, sick at Mr. Bob Viars with erysipe- pointment here last Saturday and Sunday.-Daniel Gibson of this place,

ESTILL COUNTY

LOCUST BRANCH Locust Branch, Aug. 1 .- We are having some of the warmest weather of the season.-July 25th, the little one year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Green Davis was drowned. The mother had been washing and went to see after the cows without emptying the water. When she returned to the house the child had fallen into and Sunday are Rev. J. W. Parson's tain and drank freely of the waters of \$6.25 @ 6.50, fat bulls \$6.25 @ 6.50. were carried to the Red Lick ceme- church. tery for burial.-Bro. Lunsford filled his regular appointment here last Sunday .- Several from this place attended Irvine Court last Monday .-The Misses Anna and Ada Bicknell visited Annie Richardson last Sunday.-Mr. and Mrs. Clark Johnson visited Mr. Jim Bicknell, Friday on election night at the Cavanaugh er to Miss Emma Frost, both of Aunt Abbey Gentry visited Mrs. Sarah Campbell one day last week .- as well as Indiana. Mrs. Dovie Robinson and her two children from Franklin, O., are vis- home, and is teaching her school. iting her daughter, Mrs. Susie Bicknell, this week .- The saw mill here on H. G. Bicknell's place had to shut County, Tennessee, Oct. 29, 1861. down on account of having no water. -Mr. and Mrs. Clark Baker of A. J. Richardson.

OWSLEY COUNTY COW CREEK Cow Creek, Aug. 1 .- The crops in thirteen years. E. Gabbard returned home from ceded him to that peaceful home. her grandmother at Booneville, is mourn her loss. ter.—The school at Esau is doing a College. good work with John Frost Jr. as teacher .- The Ricetown school is also progressing nicely with Tilman Green and Chester Baker as teachers. lish the Berea postoffice. He gave Mr.

20th with the Misses Pearl and Lucy build at all. Gabbard.-Mrs. John L. Gabbard re--Henry Gabbard has had a large

to our readers. CONKLING

and vegetation of all kinds .- Born to Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Wilson, a girl. little seven year old daughter of Mr. with Prof. Ellis Seale of Berea as conductor.-Eld. Chas. Burch of Island City took part in the service at He sowed good seed in good ground. lent meeting was reported.-Eld. G. W. Seale has an appointment to openings. preach at the home of Robert Morris of Island City, Sunday evening, Aug. 10th.-Mr. and Mrs. Tommie hand. "No school for you" he said, Quilen and children of Idamay vis- "You have other and better work to Lexington, Kentucky ited Mr. and Mrs. Will McCollum at do. You must help me occupy this field

the end of the week .- One of Owsley's first class teachers, John Chad-C. Claude Anderson of this place is -Mr. and Mrs. Mike Jennings were doing successful work as a teacher in Witherspoon College at Buckhern, in Perry County this year.-We were sorry indeed to hear of the death of our relative Mrs. V. S. Brewer of some better.-Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Sturgeon. We extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.-Mrs. Willie Thomas and two sons of Eubank, Casey County, were delightfully entertained here last week at the home of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Burning Springs, Aug. 1.-Frank Green Mainons. - Bill Saylor and Louis Sandlin, brother-in-laws, living

Sturgeon, Aug. 4 .- The prolonged Thompson have been building the here, Saturday. We learn that three foundation for the new National were killed and one wounded on Bufwhile on Sextons Creek, Friday evening got into a combat with James Campbell and was shot in the thigh with a shot gun. Gibson shot Campbell thru the shoulder with a fortyfive caliber. The opinion of the physicans, Mahaffey and Glass, is that Gibson is not likey to recover.

MADISON COUNTY

RIG HILL Big Hill, Aug. 4.-Next Saturday the water and was dead. Its remains regular appointment at Pilot Knob life, and was now in a hurry to extend

Sunday School at Pilot Knob every Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

Fredericksburg, Ind., last Thursday a Congregational Council. on account of the death of her brother, Lee Hayes, who died at 1:30 p.

Obituary.

Lee Hayes was born in Hancock Departed this life July 24, 1913.

He united with the church in early sweetest homes I ever visited. Hamilton, O., are visiting her father, youth and the people of this vicinity and Fredericksburg, Ind., well know the life he lived.

He has been a faithful member of

-James R. Gabbard and Ralph Min- Philip Hayes of Big Hill, Ky., two and Eddie were not then born. ter spent Saturday night and Sun- sisters, Lucy Hayes of Big Hill and day at Wolf Creek and attended Mrs. Martha Harrison of Berea. One home! How I want its sweet and church at Athens.-Mr. and Mrs. E. brother and four sisters having pre- moulding influence to reach every

Mrs. Eliza H. Hipshire of Lexinghad been as witness in the Callahan ton, Ky., a sister of Mr. Philip Hayes, home tree was planted in Berea at its murder case. They are to go back died at her home on Glynn Ave., about very beginning as one of its very best Monday.-Miss Florence Baker, a a week ago. She was 80 years of object lessons. May many be taught former student at Berea, died very age. She left two children, Lee and by it! recently of consumption.-Miss Mae Lou, a brother and sister, Mrs. Lucy

is erecting a fine dwelling. Mr. Tip Hill, at what is known as the G. W. prosecute. He was not an adventurer. Mathis of Clay County is head carpen- Lucas place, now owned by Berea He was a "woe be to me if I preached

BEGINNING OF REREA

Continued from First Page Miss Hattie Neace of Booneville, Fee ten acres of land for a home site Saturday and Sunday, July 19th and ed greater than he knew as all do who

I joined Mr. Fee one month after cently fell and hurt her hip a second he had moved into his new house at his ideal.—As if he were lost forever! time. She is confined to her bed and Berea. He had come there to evangewill not be able to walk for a while. lize as well as abolitionize that Glade carbuncle on his upper lip which had already preached at Clear Creek, caused him much pain.-Mrs. Elihu Scaffold Cane and several other quicksand his heart was broken! Reynolds of Eversole is suffering points in Rockcastle, Madison and with cancer of the breast. - The other counties.

Citizen is always a welcome visitor Others had preceded him in some of these places, as lecturers and preachers. Some with more force than Conkling, Aug. 1.-Rain is very judgment, some with more vinegar much in demand here. The drouth is than honey. Such was that thin old doing considerable damage to crops gray haired man I met riding on that thin old horse when on my way from Gay's store to the Glade. He was an Her name is Dorothy.-We are sorry old Abolition preacher from esthetic to announce that Emily Eversole, the New England and could not endure the primative ways of the mountain and Mrs. Chas. Eversole of Boone- people of Kentucky. He told these ville, has typhoid fever.-The teach- people that they lived in houses that ers Institute convenes at Booneville his people would not degrade a horse the second Monday in this month or cow by stabling them in. No wonder he got thin and left! However, he stirred up much good thinking.

Thus when I first went to Berea I found blazed trees that led to many

At this time Mr. Fee had no other helpers. So he had a job ready to my Every Thing in Our Tin Shop Must Be Sold by Aug. 30th

> Two barrels of good Roofing Paint: black, 40 cts.; red, 85 cts; regular price, 50 cts. and \$1.00.

> Cast Iron Ranges, six eyes, 1/4 off. Cast Iron Cook Stoves, four eyes, 1/4 off.

> Graveled Roofing, sold at \$2.75, special price, \$1.75.

We will cut on Paper Roofing 5 cts. every week until sold.

We must dispose of these things because of need of space:

Galvanized Troughs, Rain-water Filters, Chimney Tops, Stove-pipe, Steel and Tin Roofing.

Berea School of Roofing

HENRY LENGFELLNER, Manager

Phone 7 or 187 Tinshop on Jackson Street, Berea, Ky.

as a lay preacher." I had already done that kind of work. I had received my ordination and commission, not from man by the laying on of hands but by the anointing of the Holy Spirit who and by the final message and commission of Jesus, (Rev. XXII: 17). "Let him that heareth say come." I knew @6.35, good to choice \$5.50@6.10, con that I-had heard and come to the founthe invitation to other thirsty souls as \$8.25@10, common and large \$5.50@ this commission authorized me to do. 9.75 Later my call to the ministry was re-Miss Lucy Hayes was called to cognized by the laying on of hands of

No matter about the compensation. "I will trust in the Lord and do good." m. last Thursday. Mr. Hayes bid So Mr. and Mrs. Fee's hearts and his family goodbye and with great home were wide open to receive me. And so were many other hearts and homes in the mountain country beyond. But Bro. Fee's was my central \$4.25@6, culls \$3@4, yearlings \$3.50@ - Mrs. Mollie Bicknell and patience awaited the Lord's calling. And so were many other hearts and He had many friends in Kentucky homes in the mountain country be-Miss Lucy Hayes has returned home for the following four months. And such a home!

The unfinished, unpainted, unplastered board house and the outside cozy study were not that home. But they were a nestling place for one of the

No kinder husband or fonder father ever blessed a wife and children than Mr. Fee. No more loving and trust- standard timothy \$15@16.50, No. ing wife or wiser mother ever guardthe order of Knights of Pythias for ed and guided a household than Mrs. the Pauly Jail Building Co. is here preparing to begin work on the new one this week.—Dan Gabbard who has been visiting reatives here for a has be Fee. And no brighter and sweeter

> home visited by THE CITIZEN. This is why I write about it. That fragrant

Mr. Fee was a pioneer missionary Minter, who has been staying with Gorden and a host of friends to on a perilous and grand mission for humanity as any man ever sacrificed home for a few days.—C. B. Gabbard Mrs. Hipshire once lived at Big worldly goods and periled his life to not this gospel to these people" kind of preacher. He was as true to his conscience as the needle to the pole. Whatever his judgment said do he did whether it promised stripes or bullets the World cut loose at Wheatland. or brought exile or ostracism. If he Cal., and when they retired 10 bodies who is teaching at Mistletoe, spent and helped him otherwise. He build- lacked any grace it was a full measure of optimism.

He was crushed and bewildered when he lost his little boy, Tappan-

country and the regions beyond. He ping away from him, sinking, sinking the scene of the trouble, and a com-

Then the climax of his afflications came when his cheerful and supporting wife was taken home. Noble Laura was left to comfort

him in his old age.

for the Master and humanity! things work together for good to them to have been grieved because there that love God and righteousness. And had been Japanese employed in the fields, and whom the employers rewhat glorying now in the presence of fused to discharge. his Lord! For St. Paul tells us that "If we suffer with Him we shall be more pay. Their actions became such glorified with Him." "For the suffer- that the manager of the fields took ings of this present time are not fright and sent to Marysville for Sherworthy to be compared with the glory lff Voss, urging him to bring deputies which shall be revealed to us after- sufficient to quell the pending outward."

That man and family are gone, but they are the chief corner stone of

GEO. CANDEE

"Get backing."-Baltimore American

Cattle-Shippers, \$7.25@8, extra had witnessed with my spirit that I \$8.10@8.40; butcher steers, extra \$7.65 was a child of God, (Rom. VIII: 16) @ 8, good to choice \$7.25@7.40, common to fair \$5@7; heifers, extra \$7.25 @7.40, good to choice \$6.65@7.15, common to fair \$5@6.50; cows, extra \$6.25

Calves-Extra \$10.25, fair to good

Hogs-Selected heavy \$9.10@9.25, good to choice packers and butchers \$9.30@9.40, mixed packers \$9.25@9.35, stags \$5.25@7.50, common to choice heavy fat sows \$6@8.35, extra \$8.40@ 850, light shippers \$9.35@9.45, pigs. 100 pounds and less \$7@9.35.

Sheep-Extra light \$4.15@4.25, good to choice \$3.75@4.10, common to fair stock ewes \$3.50@4.25, extra \$4.35

C4.50.
Corn—No. 2 white 71½ @72½c, No. 3 white 69½ @70½c, No. 4 white 69@ 79c, No. 2 yellow 70@71c, No. 3 yellow 68@69c, No. 4 yellow 66½@67c, No. 2 mixed 69½@70c, No. 3 mixed 68½@69½c, No. 4 mixed 67@68½c, white eat 69@72c, yellow ear 70@73¼c, mixed 69@72c

No. othy \$14@15.50, No. 3 timothy \$11.50 @13.25, No. 1 clover mixed \$14.50, No. 2 clover mixed \$12.50, No. 1 clover \$12. No. 2 clover \$10.

Rye-No. 2 62@64c, No. 3 60@62c

Wheat—No. 1 red winter 89c, No. 2 red 87@88½c, No. 3 red 85½@86½c, No. 4 red 65@85c. Eggs-Prime firsts 181/2c, firsts 16c,

ordinary firsts 14c, seconds 10c Poultry-Springers, 2 *lbs and over 18c; under 2 lbs, 16@17c; 10c; hens, over 4 lbs, 13½c; light, 4 lbs and under, 13½c; ducks, under 3 lbs, 10@11c; spring ducks, 3 lbs and over, 13c; white, 4 lbs and over, 12c; turkeys, 8 lbs and over, 18c; old toms, 18c; young, 18c.

Chico, Cal.-Industrial Workers of lay on the field. The battle was between county authorities and the Industrial Workers. The latter has been causing a reign of terror in the county.

A score of injured are suffering from gunshot wounds. Three hundred arm-When he saw his noble, educated ed men, in charge of Chief of Police and very promising son Burrett slip- Charles McCoy, of Marysville, are at by the white plague as into a mire of pany of regular soldiers from the Presidio at San Francisco has been asked to rush to the scene to quell the trouble that it is feared will follow as the night proceeds. The operatives in the hop fields, where the battle took place, have for several days been complaining about the wages they were But what a life! What sacrifices receiving. The trouble has been brought to an acute siege by the ef-And then after and for all what a forts of members of the Industrial crown of righteousness! For all Workers of the World, who are said Six hundred operatives struck for

break. Voss, with District Attorney Hartwell, Riordan and Charles Matthews, hurriedly left in an automobile and drove up to the hop yards. The strikers had been given an inkling that the officers were coming and met them on the roadside. The appearance of the automobile in which Voss and his comrades rode was the signal for a general outbreak and demands were made that the officers go back.